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The Bombay Chronicle

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INSURANCE
Indian companies are able to absorb double and treble the business of 1929.
16

VOL. XVIII NO. 236— BOMBAY MONDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1930. PRICE ONE ANNA

PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU ARRESTED

Midnight Arrest Of Haji Noor Mahomed Ahmed

MANDVI MEETING DISPERSED BY LATHI CHARGE

More Than 30 Persons Injured

MISS SOMJI'S STAND

MRS. ASAF ALI ARRESTED IN DELHI

Haji Noormahomed Ahmed, the President of the "War Council" was arrested at Halai Memon Jamatkhana on Sunday night at 11-30. He was taken to the Esplanade lock-up. His arrest roused considerable enthusiasm in the locality and about two thousand Muslims gathered near the Jamatkhana.

There were several 'lathi' charges on Prabhat Pheris on Sunday morning and a number of persons were arrested.

The parade of the Vanar Sena (Young boys and girls) was also dispersed by force by the police and Batuk Desai, the 15-year school boy was beaten by a sergeant and then marched to the lock-up.

The Congress Red Cross Ambulance Brigade ,too, was not allowed to have stretcher drill at Gowalia Tank Maidan on Sunday and was ordered to disperse by sergeants.

There were frequent 'lathi' charges near Crawford Market, where Congress volunteers were picketing a foreign wine and liquor shopps. 45 pickets were arrested.

In the suburbs the police were active. Satyagraha Chavani at Ville Parle was raided by the police and two volunteers were arrested. Chembur and Ghatkopar Congress Offices were also raided.

The arrests in the suburbs include Messrs. Chemburkar, B. D. Kora, R. D. Baliwalla and Chunilal Barfiwalla, an ex-Honorary Magistrate.

The Bombay Police, it seems, has decided not to allow any Congress meetings to be held in the city. Though there is no specific order prohibiting public meetings as soon as the police come to know that a public meeting is to be held they appear on the scene and disperse the meeting by charging the audience with 'lathis.'

On Sunday evening a meeting held at Dana Bunder in Mandvi under the auspices of the new 'War Council' was dispersed by a posse of 50 policemen armed with 'lathis'.

30 PERSONS INJURED.

The 'lahi' charge resulted in injuring about 20 to 30 persons. Most of them had received minor injuries and were treated on the spot by Congress Ambulance men and four of them were removed to the Congress Hospital for treatment.

POLICE INSPECTORS ON SCENE.

The meeting was announced to be held at 6-0 p.m. but from 5-30 p.m. people began to gather. At 6-0 p.m. Inspector Raje and Wanjara of the Pydhoni Police Station arrived on the scene and asked Mr. B. K. Bhat a Congress worker on the spot as to who had convened the meeting and when the proceedings would commence. They were told that the meeting was convened by the "War Council" and the proceedings would commence at 6-30 p.m. as they expected the President of the "War Council" who was to preside to come by that time.

MISS SOMJI ARRIVES.

The police officers retired from the place but at 6-10 p.m. a party of 25 policemen armed with 'lathis' and headed by a sergeant posted themselves at the corner of the road. At 6-15 Miss Soofia Somji, th newly elected Vice-President of the "War Council," arrived at the meeting. Mr. and Mrs. Vasi and their four children were also on the dais.

In the meanwhile another party of about 25 policemen and a number of sergeants and police officers also arrived and thus the police force was much strengthened.

At 6-30 p.m. the police officers again approached the persons sitting on the dais and enquired as to when the proceedings would commence. They were again told that the President had not come and as soon as he came the proceedings would commence.

Some Satyagrahi volunteers then started singing songs in which the audience also joined. The presence of the police brought large number of people on the scene and the crowd which was hardly a thousand in the beginning now swelled to several thousands.

At 6-50 p.m. Inspector Raje and Wanjara again came to dais and asked "What is this? Is this not a meeting?"

A Congress worker: This is not a meeting; we have not yet commenced the proceedings. There can be no meeting without a president. We are only singing religious songs.

ORDER TO DISPERSE.

Mr. Wanjara:—This is a meeting and I ask you to disperse. I give you five minutes time. There are many innocent people who may not be knowing what it means. We do not want them to suffer. You ask them to go away. Those who decide to stay even after that will be dispersed by force."

A Congress worker:—Where is the written order? You must give us an order in writing.

"I AM THE MAN ON THE SPOT."

Inspector Wanjara:—No written order. I am the officer on the spot. I ask you to disperse; if you do not, we shall have to use force.

Miss Somji:—But we have not commenced the proceedings.

Mr. Wanjara:—You are causing obstruction to traffic and you will have to disperse.

"WE SHALL NOT DISPERSE."

Miss Somji: No, we are not causing any obstruction to traffic and we shall not disperse.

The police officers then left the place and stood by the side.

Mr. Yousuff informed the audience that the police had asked them not to proceed with the meeting and leave the place. If they stayed they would have to receive 'lathi' blows. Those who are prepared for it should stay and those who want to go away should go.

PRAYING FOR SERGEANTS.

But even after their warning the audience refused to leave the place and kept on singing songs. One of the songs was a prayer that heaven should give light to the police and sergeants who were their brothers.

'LATHI' CHARGE BEGINS.

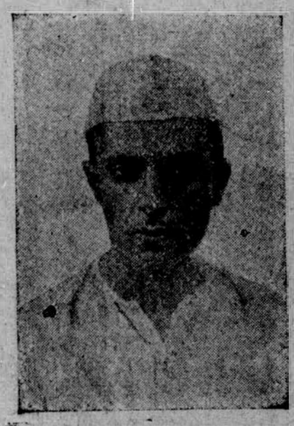
Hardly five to seven minutes had passed and the entire police force charged the audience with 'lathis' and dispersed them in about five minutes. The charge resulted in injuries to 25 to 30 men who were treated on the spot and four were removed to the Congress Hospital.

STICKING TO THEIR GUNS.

Mr. and Mrs. Wasi, Miss Somji, Mr. B. K. Bhat and others refused to budge and remained on their seats on the dais and left the place when the crowd was dispersed.

After a few minutes the police also retired.

The audience re-assembled after sometime and severaal spakers addressed the meeting on the present situation. They exhorted the audience not to be cowed down with repression and to carry on the struggle relentlessly and on non-violent methods.



PANDIT JAWAHARLAL.

MRS ASAF ALI ARRESTED

—:o:—

Delhi's Third Dictator

NEW DELHI, Oct. 19.

Mrs. Asaf Ali, wife of barrister Asaf Ali, the third "Dictator" of the Delhi "War" Council, was arrested this morning under Section 109, Criminal Procedure Code.—A. P.

Bombay's Eleventh Dictator Arrested

Carried Shoulder High By Friends

Mr. Haji Noor Mohamed Ahmed, President of the "War Council", was arrested on Sunday night at 11-30 p.m. while he was addressing a meeting of the Halai Memon market Dhoka Jamat of which he is a Vice-President in the Jamat's at Abdul Rehman Street.

Inspector Shirazi of the C. I. D. and Inspector Raje of the Pydhoni Police station entered the Hall and informed Mr. Nur Mohamed that there was a warrant of arrest against him.

The meeting greeted the news with loud cries of "Allaho-Akbar" and "Inqilab Zindabad." Mr. Nur Mohamed addressed a few words to the members of his community and appealed to them to carry on the fight for freedom. He was profusely garlanded and brought down from the third storey of the building on shoulders. The meeting of the Jamat was postponed in his honour.

Great enthusiasm prevailed among the members of the Jamat who were present and hundreds of other Muslims hurried to the spot on receiving the news. The fact that continuous arrests of picketers and a series of 'lathi' charges in the vicinity of the place had taken place the same afternoon added to the enthusiasm.

Mr. Nur Mohamad's car left amidst cries of "Inqilab Zindabad."

The Cutlery Bazar, the Mustafa Bazar (timber merchants), hosiery merchants and the glassware merchants immediately decided to observe a complete hartal on Monday in honour of Mr. Nur Mohamed.

MOSCOW PLANS FOR INDIA

Red International's Campaign of British Hatred

TRANSPORT OF MUNITIONS AND TROOPS TO BE STOPPED

(SPECIAL TO THE 'CHRONICLE')

LONDON, Oct. 19.

The "Daily Mail's" Geneva correspondent wires that details received there of the recent Congress of the Red International Labour Unions at Moscow show Communist's resolve to prosecute a capaign of hatred in British Empire Overseas, especially in India with renewed vigour. The Congress adopted a resolution that the attainment of independence by "Colonies" should be one of the chief objectives of the International, and every possible help should be given to their people with that object. Orders have issued to Red organisations to arrange demonstrations and oppose the transport of troops and munitions in India.

INDIAN BREAKS WORLD'S RECORD

—:o:—

Shafi Swims For 69 Hours

ENDURANCE TEST AT WORTHING BATHS

LONDON, Oct. 19.

The Indian swimmer Shafi swam continuously for 60 hours at Worthing Baths setting up a new world's swimming endurance record.

The previous best was 68 hours 11 minutes established by the Maltese Rizzo at the beginning of the month.—Reuter.

J. KRISHNAMURTI LEAVES FOR PARIS.

(SPECIAL TO THE 'CHRONICLE')

LONDON, Oct. 19.

Mr. J. Krishnamurti addressed the audience of 2,000 at Strasbourg before leaving for Paris to deliver lecture on 28th October.

Congress President Arrested For Sedition

SIMLA, Oct. 19.

A telephonic message from Allahabad states that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was arrested under Section 124-A while he was returning [illegible] evening from a meeting.—A. P.

SIMLA, Oct. 19.

He is reported not to have made any speech to-day at the meeting owing to the prohibitory order against his speaking at public meetings in Allahabad for two months, and presumably the arrest was made in connection with an earlier speech.—A. P.

GAGGING ORDER FOR JAWAHARLAL.

—:o:—

No Speeches In Allahabad For Two Months

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 19.

A notice was issued this morning on Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru under Section 144, Criminal Procedure Code not to address any public meeting in Allahabad for the next two months.

According to Pandit Jawaharlal's programme he was to have presided over the Volunteers Conference at 1 p.m. to-day and addressed a public meeting at Purshottam Das Park at 7 p.m.—A. P.

JAWAHARLAL'S APPEAL TO PUBLIC.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 19.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has issued an appeal to the public to buy real Khadi stocks of which he says are increasing. He asks them to buy Khadi certified by the All-India Spinners' Association and not to buy spurious Khadi.

Pandit Jawaharlal was present at the largely attended meeting at Purshothamdas Park this evening, but did not address it.—A. P.

"MAHAVIR" TO RESUME PUBLICATION

Wholesale Seizure Of Property

PATNA, Oct. 11.

The Manager, "Mahavir", writes:—

The Hindi weekly "Mahavir" of Patna, which suspended its publication as result of the decision of the Bihar Journalists' Association (later a security was demanded of Rs. 1,000 from the Sri Krishna Press at which the paper was printed) is going to reappear very shortly and its promoters have resolved to continue its publication against all odds in future. Correspondents are requested to send their contributions regularly and without delay.

PICKETING AGAINST FIREWORKS.

(From A Correspondent.)

HINGANGHAT, Oct. 18.

Mr. Krishnarao Deshpande was arrested to-day in the morning at Sawali village.

Yesterday there was a meeting specially for women under the presidentship of the Ghatwal's mother. Mr. H. V. Kulkerni, Mr. Fadnivis and Mrs. Datar advised the audience not to have fireworks during Diwali.

There has been picketing by women against fire-works since October 15.

The Students' Union of Hinganghat has opened an exhibition of Swadeshi goods under the presidentship of Mr. Kulkerni.

STOP PRESS.

ARREST OF PANDIT J. NEHRU.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 19.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was arrested a few minutes after nine o'clock near Anand Bhavan. It is understood that the arrest, which is under Section 124-A, is in connection with the speech he delivered this afternoon in the Vishambar Theatre, presiding over the Volunteers' Conference. He was taken to Naini Jail.—A. P.

It is now ascertained that the speech for which Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has been arrested is the one that he delivered on October 10.

LATHI CHARGES ON PRABHAT FERIES.

45 Pickets Arrested Near Crawford Market.

A SERGEANT'S BOAST.

Captain Of Vanar Sena Arrested

Several arrests and lathi charges ushered in the Congress Week in Bombay on Sunday. There were lathi charges against the City Prabhat Feris resulting in 10 arrests and 5 injured in lathi charges. Picketing of foreign cloth shops was resumed by girl members of the Hindustani Seva Dal.

PROTECTION TO LIQUOR SHOP.

There were frequent lathi charges on the public near Crawford Market where Congress volunteers were picketing a foreign wine and spirit shop. The proprietor of the shop (Messrs. D. G. Oomrigar), it appears, called for the police who arrested the pickets. No sooner one batch of pickets was arrested than another batch of two volunteers took its place and by noon there were 45 arrests.

A large number of people collected near the Crawford Market to witness the picketing operations and the police dispersed them by lathi charges. No casualties, however, are reported.

EVERY HOUSE A CONGRESS HOUSE.

Mandvi celebrated the Congress Week by pasting more boards with the inscription "Mandvi District Congress Committee" on the doors of many houses and shops. "Everry House a Congress House" seemed to be the slogan in that part of Bombay and more than 1,500 houses and shops are displaying Congress boards.

FERIS CHARGED.

Early in the morning police parties headed by sergeants were seen on almost all the important thoroughfares of the city trying to disperse Prabhat Feris. Being a Sunday, a large number of Feris paraded the streets singing national songs and shouting national slogans. In almost all cases the police chased and charged the Feris with lathis and arrested the leaders.

The flag-bearers of the Ferts were marked down as leaders. The national flag were snatched from their hands by the police.

A SERGEANT'S BOAST.

At Gamdevi and French Bridge the police set upon two Prabhat Feris. Three persons were arrested and the national flag was removed. In the lathi charges which followed two persons received injuries.

A Prabhat Feri of nearly 200 mill-workers was dispersed by a sergeant on the Frere Road Bridge, Grant Road. The sergeant who used a stout stick was later seen boasting that "he dispersed 200 persons single-handed".

ONE SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Another Feri was dispersed on the Girgaum Back Road near the Maharbavdi Police Station. About 300 persons who formed the Feri were charged and one person was seriously injured. The police made seven arrests.

Undaunted by the police charges, several Gujarati women also took out Feris but the police did not stop their activities.

POLICE DEAL WITH CHILDREN.

Exciting scenes were witnessed on the Gowalia Tank Maidan where nearly a hundred little boys and girls of the Vanar Sena had assembled for a rally and procession. The Police Commissioner had banned the procession and interesting developments were expected.

BATUK DESAI ASSAULTED AND ARRESTED.

The boys were being drilled in a corner of the maidan when two sergeants accompanied by several lathi police arrived on the scene and asked the boys to disperse. Sjt. Batuk Desai, the 15-year old Captain of the Vanar Sena was forcibly removed from the maidan and pushed on to the road. When he protested he was immediately arrested an severely assaulted by a sergeant who is specially transferred from Esplanade Police Station to Gamdevi Police Station.

It was a significant fact that Mr. A. H. Kulkarni and Mr. A. R. Bhatt of the newly formed Bombay Students' Union and the Board of Control which are responsible for the formation of the Vanar Sena were conspicuous by their absence on Sunday morning.

BEATEN SEVERELY.

While taking Sjt. Batuk Desai to the lock up, it is alleged the sergeant beat him severely.

The sergeants, it appears, could not even brook the public standing in the maidan and forced them also to disperse.

Dr. Samsi who was drilling the Congress Ambulance Brigade at another corner of the maidan was peremptorily asked to quit the maidan, which he did.

The Swastik League which was having its parade was also given the same order "Go away."

There was some excitement when a party of twenty boys came in a procession shouting "Boycott British Goods" and entered the maidan. They marched through the maidan unobstructed by the police. When the boys went into the street a police sub-Inspector tried to stop them. They did not heed the command and shouted the slogans all the more loudly. A crowd collected around the procession and it was subsequently allowed to proceed.

CONGRESS RED CROSS MEN ORDERED TO DISPERSE

—:o:—

Not Allowed To Have Stretcher Drill On Gowalia Maidan

Dr. R. S. Samsi, M.B.B.S., G.O.C., Congress Ambulance Brigade, writes:—

Though the Ambulance Brigade is not declared as illegal in the list published the other day still it is surprising to see the high-handed and provocative manner in which the police behave with the Red Cross volunteers. It has already been made clear through the columns of the "Bombay Chronicle" and other papers that the Red Cross volunteers are enrolled for Ambulance work only and [illegible] no part in the active Civil Disobedience movement such as picketing of liquor or foreign cloth shops or salt raids. The volunteers have behaved throughout true spirit of neutrality and carried on their work [illegible] ness even when assaulted. [illegible] of all these facts the volunteers have been locked up and [illegible] ers and other dress [illegible] confiscated. Red Cross flags have been unnecessarily [illegible] and harassed in many cases were not allowed to [illegible] stretcher drill [illegible]

(Contin[illegible]

NON-VIOLENCE IS OUR SHEET AN[illegible]

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee ONE

For First Sixteen Words and

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For each Additional Word. Terms:—CASH with Order.

INSTRUCTIONS.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No. ..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle", to be paid for.

Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows: Box Number ..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED—A fast and accurate SHORTHAND TYPIST on a salary of Rs. 60 and a typist on Rs. 50. Only those who can type on Oliver Machine need apply to Box No. 371, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle".
A R 3487

WANTED—A B.Com. on Rs. 50 to Rs. 60 p.m. Only those who can execute service bonds and furnish security need apply to THE SECRETARY, Co-operative Central Bank, Ltd., Betul C. P.
A 1852

QUESTION OF UNEMPLOYMENT can only be solved by appointing Agents. Enclose Anna Stamp for particulars to Box No. 369, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R 3483

WANTED—STUDENTS. No matter where you live or what you do, we can train you by Post to be an ACCOUNTANT for Govt. Railway, mercantile services, etc to earn big salaries. Success guaranteed. Apply for free prospectus No. 145 to the Registrar, The India School of Accountancy, Post Box 2020, Calcutta.

WANTED—AGENTS for securing Life Insurance business. Special terms for guaranteed business. Apply Box No. 286, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 1614

Profession.

PROF MAYO will tell you your past, present and future. Your difficulties and their remedies. Dinshaw Villa, Laburnum Road, opposite Hughes Road, Bombay.
P R3452

Trade Announcement.

ENCOURAGE COTTAGE INDUSTRY by buying Shudh and cheap KHADI from Nandlal Ramdas, 7 Mantri Bhuvan, Opposite Victoria Mills, Gamdevi Road, Bombay 7. Agents also wanted.
T R3477

SECOND HAND 31 lbs. per yard flat rooted rails with fittings first class condition for immediate disposal, good opportunity for Colliery owners. Further particulars and prices from MANECKCHAND JIVRAJ & Co., Darukhana, Post No. 10, Bombay, Telegrams, "Railplant."
T R3414

Houses & Flats To Let.

TO LET—Two Spacious Godowns, useful for factories, Workshops, near Princes Dock on Tram Line, pacca built, and decent plinth, on long or short lease. Apply Sharp: Post Box 928, Bombay.
R3484

Educational

—STUDENTS for Accy, Secretarial Prac and, Typing. For s, apply PRINCICOLLEGE, Ahme-
1781

ASSOCIATE in one Post De- Apply ER 262
R3383

Motors and Accessories

NEW MODEL—"40" Rugby Touring, slightly used for demonstration purposes as New. Offered at a greatly reduced price. HILL, SAWYER & CO., LTD., New Queen's Road, Bombay.
JA 1846

Medical.

GOOD-BYE FEVER—Nothing can cure all kinds of fever but a Doze of "BHARAT RATNA" No sooner it is taken, the fever bids Good-bye. Try a doze of "Bharat Ratna" and let fever go away. Keep always a bottle with you. A wonderful Indian research. The PURELY INDIAN MEDICINE RESEARCH WORKS, Vile Parle, Bombay.
M R3475

IS REJUVENATION POSSIBLE WITHOUT OPERATION OR INJECTION? Yes, science succeeded it. For full particulars. Apply SAILASRAM." P. O. Chandanpur (Khulna) Bengal.
M R3326

WANTED.

Ladies and Gentlemen to patronise genuine and reliable Indianmade medicines for whoopingcough, cholera, womb complaints, etc., cure guaranteed. Herbal Pain Balm u speciality. Catalogue free on application.
Dr. H. DASAR, B.A., M.T.Sc.,
Neo Siddha Vaidyasala,
Dasarpuram,
Tinnanur.
T R3491

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	... Rs. 7-8-0
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3rd Insertion	... Rs. 4-8-0
0th and Subsequent Insertion	... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their Advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement columns.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that my client Mr. RAGHUNATH MAHADEO MASURKAR and NURSE KRISHNABAI AMBERKAR are the joint owners of immoveable property consisting of two houses, well, trees etc. bearing M. No. 1650, Survey No. 73 situate at Vengurla. My client and his sister abovenamed have newly built the said houses etc. therein for which the expenses were incurred by both of them jointly. My client's brother Kashinath Mahadeo Masurkar has no right, title or interest whatsoever in the same, and any person dealing with him in respect of the above, will be held liable in damages etc.

N. V. PARDESHI,
Advocate, High Court.

Jer Mahal, Dhun Mahal,
Dhobi Talao,
Bombay, 16th October, 1930.
R 3492

POLICE NOTICE.

DIVALI ILLUMINATIONS—TRAFFIC REGULATIONS.

NORTH BOUND VEHICULAR TRAFFIC will proceed from the Town Hall *via* Bazar Gate Street across Hornby Road, Cruickshank Road, Kalbadevi Road, Pydhoni Bhendi Bazar and beyond the J. J. Hospital.

SOUTH BOUND VEHICULAR TRAFFIC will proceed from the J. J. Hospital *via* Bhendi Bazar, Pydhoni, Kalbadevi Road as far as the corner of Shaik Memon Street, down Shaik Memon Street to Carnac Road, Hornby Road Bazar Gate Street and Town Hall.

Vehicles moving north will be turned up Kalbadevi and not up Shaik Memon Street.

Vehicles will not be allowed to turn round on any of the roads mentionod above.

Vehicular traffic may break away from the route by turning into any side street on the left hand side of the routes laid down above.

D. HEAL,
Offg. Commissioner of Police
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 18th October, 1930.
1843

Public Notices

WANTED.

A LADY DOCTOR, graduate in Medicine and Surgery, for the New Women's Hospital shortly to be opened. Pay Rs 200—10—300 —15—450 per mensem, with benefits of Provident Fund and free quarters within the hospital compound. Conveyance also allowed free. Experienced candidate will be given more than the fixed starting pay Private practice will be allowed locally and also in the adjoining States if time permits Selected candidate will be placed in independent charge of the institution and will be expected to popularise it.

Applications with testimonials should reach the undersigned by 1st of November, 1930, the latest.

R. PRASAD,
Diwan,
Raigarh State.
Dated Raigarh, C. P. (B. N. Ry) the 15th October, 1930.
1350

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

The public are informed that the right of collecting fruit from cocoanut trees standing in different municipal carts at Mahim etc. will be sold for a period of one year from 1-11-1930 to 31-10-1931 by public auction on spot on MONDAY, the 27th instant at 8-30 a.m. (B. T.)

The particulars about the numbers of trees, etc. standing in each oart and the terms and conditions on which the right is to be sold can be obtained on application to the City Engineer, Bombay Municipality.

The intending bidders are requested to meet on the day and hour aforesald at the junction of Lady Jamshedji and Lady Hardinge Roads

City Engineer,
Bombay Municipality.
1849

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees of Cargo per Nippon Yusen Kaisha's s.s. "MALACCA MARU" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 18th instant, from Japan via Shanghai, Hongkong, Singapore, and Colombo and requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on bag Cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for Claims are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

MANAGER,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Legal Notices

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RAMRAO HARISCHANDRA APTE of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned in their Office at Rustom Building, 29, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

All those several pieces of land of pension and tax tenure, containing by admeasurement 15,500 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Bombay under Old No. 572, New No. A/2700 and New Survey Nos. 1317, 1319, 1340-1347 1387, 1389, 2061, 2073, 2100, 2103, 3665, 3666, 2/1342 and 2101 situate at Nagdevi Street, Abdul Rehman Street, Nagdevi Street Cross Lane, Narayan Dhuru Street, Narayan Dhuru Street Cross Lane, Bibijan Street, Tawa Lane, Kambekar Street, Imamwada Road, Parel Road and Musjid Bunder Road in the Registration District and Sub-district of Bombay and bearing Cadastral Survey Nos. 470 to 487, 629 to 631, 638 to 649, 1/840, 641 to 648, 654, 656 to 668 670 to 674, 1/674, 1164, 1165, 1167 1168, 1206, 1208 to 1215, 1222 to 1223, 1633, 1898 to 1903, 1906 to 1903 of Mandvi Division and 1325 to 1334 of Bhuleshwar Division.

DADYBURJOR & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1844

Auction Sales.

CRAWFORD & CO.,

SALE WILL BE HELD AT BOMBAY.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO BUY A GOOD GINNING FACTORY.

Auction sale of the Insolvents' right, title and interest in the properties consisting of a Ginning Factory known as the "New Jamshed Ginning Factory" with its machinery, stores, etc. and an up-to-date commodious bungalow at West Khandesh, Dhulia (near the Cotton Market of Dhulia)

Under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the estate and effects of Ardeshir Rustomji Kapadia and Jamshedji Ardeshir Kapadia (Insolvents) and with the consent of the Mortgagee, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 23rd October, 1930, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at their Auction Rooms at No. 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right, title and interest of the said insolvents and of the Mortgagee in the properties described below.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.

All that piece of land containing by admeasurement 11 acres or thereabouts together with a factory known as the "New Jamshed Ginning Factory" built on the part thereof. Besides that factory there are other structures built thereon with 64 Gins, Engine, Boiler, openers and other machinery as well as miscellaneous stores lying in the said factory and an up-to-date commodious bungalow having electric lights, water taps, etc. therein with servant's quarters, pukka built wells, tanks, godowns, gardens, etc. All the said properties are situate at West Khandesh, Dhulia, near the Cotton Market of Dhulia

For further particulars and conditions of sale, please apply to Messrs. Pandia & Co., Solicitors, at their office at 110, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

SALE WILL BE HELD AT BOMBAY.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE OF THE INSOLVENT'S RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST IN THE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES AT PARSI SHERI, SAYEDPURA, SURAT.

Under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the estate and effects of Ardeshir Rustomji Kapadia and Jamshedji Ardeshir Kapadia (Insolvents) and with the consent of the Mortgagee, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO. will sell by public auction on THURSDAY, the 23rd October, 1930, at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at their Auction Rooms at No. 122 Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right, title and interest of the said insolvents and of the Mortgagee in the properties described below.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.

A dwelling house consisting of ground floor and two stories having electric lights, water taps, etc. admeasuring 328 square yards or thereabouts bearing Tika A 14, Survey No. 50/1-2 and a vacant piece of land next to the above house, opposite the Agiary. Also there are two vacant pieces of land adjoining the Agiary and bearing Tika A 14, Survey Nos. 50 and 58. All these properties are situate at Parsi Sheri Sayedpura, Surat.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, please apply to Messrs. Pandia & Co., Solicitors, at their office at 110, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

123, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay

—:o:—

SALE ON FRIDAY, the 24th October, 1930, at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at the Sale Room of the Auctioneers:

By order of the office concerned and on account and at the risk of the Dnyansagar Litho Press:—40 bales yellow match paper 30 x 40" : 36 lbs.

On account of the office concerned:—40 cases Bar Soap; 1 case dolls, rubber balls, plush toys, ladies silk stockings, shawls, ribbons ladies dresses, etc.

Miscellaneous articles: 1 Policy size Royal Typewriter, motor car accessories, etc.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Amusements.

EMPIRE THEATRE
4-30, 6-30, 8-15 & 10 p.m.
The Irresistible Comedy Pair
WALLACE BEERY
RAYMONG HATTON.
IN
PARTNERS in CRIME

Beery takes the part of a dud detective and Hatton plays dual roles; those of a newspaper reporter and of a savage gang leader. The story furnishes plenty of laughs and Beery and Hatton make the most of the comedy possibilities.

AND
UNIVERSAL SERIAL.
TARZAN THE TIGER
Episodes 11 and 12.

EMPRESS THEATRE
6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
Here's the Laugh of your Life
THE
COHENS and KELLYS in SCOTLAND
featuring
CHARLIE MURRAY
GEORGE SIDNEY.

Come and see the hilarious complication when Cohen tries to put one over Kelly, and when a shrewd Scotchman tries to put one over both.
IT'S A SCREAM.

Built to Top any Western Ever Made!
TOM MIX and TONY in "THE BIG DIAMOND ROBBERY"
How he fights!
How he rides!
How he loves!
GLOBE CINEMA
Sandhurst Road.
5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 Daily
Matinees at 3-30 p.m.
From Saturday to Friday.
The Mighty Mix in His Greatest of Thrillers!—Never before Have you seen such a sensational Action Picture!
Also 2 reels comedy.

RIALTO CINEMA
SPECIAL DIVALI ATTRACTIONS
A Complete Serial
EVERY MORNING AT 9 A.M.
To-day, October 20
HAUNTED ISLAND
with
JACK DAUGHERTY
Tuesday, October 21
LIGHTNING HUTCH
with
CHARLES HUTCHINSON
Wednesday, October 22
VANISHING RIDER
with
WILLIAM DESMOND
Prices of Admission
Rs. 1-2; As. 14, 7 and 4.

THE CAPITOL
To-day at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

LORD BYRON OF BROADWAY
Song Hits! Technicolour!

Amusements.

PATHE CINEMA
DAILY 6-30 & 10 P. M.
MATINEE, Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday 4 P. M.
OUR GREAT DIVALI HOLIDAYS PROGRAMME.

Her Family or her Husband—Which is a Wife's Greater Loyalty.

Should a Wife give up Her family for her Husband?

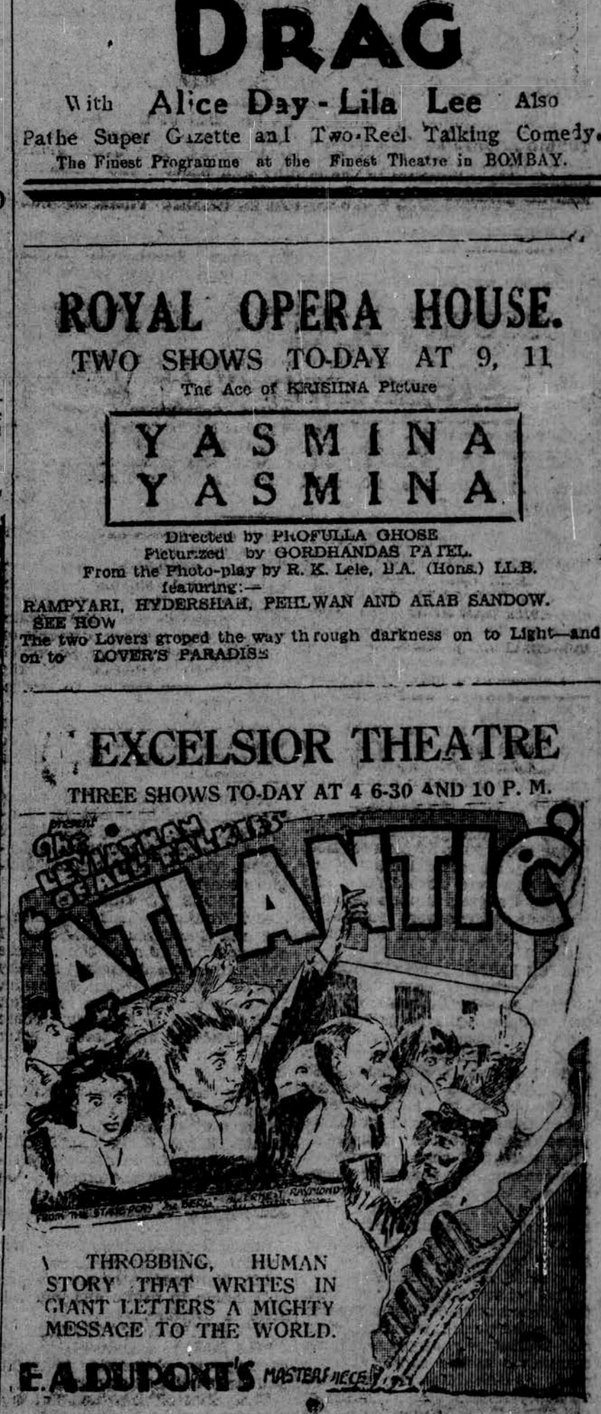
What is the Greatest, Virtue of a Wife?

See and hear all these Answered in this Greatest of all Talkies.

Richard **Barthelmess** in **DRAG**
With Alice Day - Lila Lee Also
Pathe Super Gazette and Two-Reel Talking Comedy.
The Finest Programme at the Finest Theatre in BOMBAY.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.
TWO SHOWS TO-DAY AT 9, 11
The Ace of KRISHNA Picture
YASMINA YASMINA
Directed by PROFULLA GHOSE
Picturized by GORDHANDAS PATEL.
From the Photo-play by R. K. Lele, B.A. (Hons.) LL.B.
featuring:—
RAMPYARI, HYDERSHAH, PEHLWAN AND ARAB SANDOW.
SEE HOW
The two Lovers groped the way through darkness on to Light—and on to LOVER'S PARADISE

EXCELSIOR THEATRE
THREE SHOWS TO-DAY AT 4 6-30 AND 10 P. M.



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Daily at 1, 6-15, 9-15 & 0-15 P.M.

WIN RS. 2,500
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Film Destroys Teeth

and robs them of all lustre

It clings to teeth—ordinary brushing fails to remove it successfully. A new way dentists urge

FILM is the cause of dull, discolored teeth as well as the serious tooth and gum disorders. Run your tongue across your teeth and you will feel this film. It absorbs stains from food and smoking and turns white teeth dull. It clings to teeth, gets into crevices and stays.

Film hardens into tartar. Germs by the millions breed in it. And germs, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea. Ordinary brushing fails to remove film successfully. So dentists urge the special film-removing dentifrice called Pepsodent.

First, Pepsodent curdles film, then removes it in gentle safety to enamel. No other way will make teeth as sparkling white.

Pepsodent contains no pumice, harmful grit, or crude abrasive.

Accept Pepsodent Test

To prove results buy a tube of Pepsodent, the quality dentifrice—for sale everywhere. Or send for 10-day free test to:

J. P. Cronin, P. O. Box 98, Calcutta.

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The Special Film-Removing Dentifrice

9-15-B

USE

KATNI

Stoneware Pipes

and encourage an Industry which has Indian Capital, Indian Management and Indian Labour.

Katni Cement & Industrial Co., Ltd.

Laxmi Building, Pallard Estate, : : : BOMBAY.

WHY

SHOULD YOU OR YOUR RELATIONS OR FRIENDS SUFFER FROM EYE-TROUBLE?

ANKHI-KHOOSH EYE-DROP

Cures like magic ophthalmia, inflamed eyes, red and mattering eyes, sore, itching and watering eyes and tired eyes, and pink and watering or mattering eyes in babies.

NON-POISONOUS, NON-IRRITATING. Absolutely Harmless.

MR. R. V. MANKAR, of Khar Road, Bombay, writes under date the 4th July 1930:—"I have much pleasure in informing you that I was suffering from sore and mattering eyes and "Ankhi-Khoosh" gave me immediate relief and cured me completely within three days."

MR. NANA DOWLA of Harkness Road, Bombay, writes under date the 25th June 1930:—"My eyes were red and inflamed and mattering and painful in the light. Your "Ankhi-Khoosh" eye-drop cured me in two or three days. I found it very effective and gave me immediate relief."

Price Ans. 10.

Sole Agents:— (Agents wanted in Indian States and big cities)

THE INTERNATIONAL REMEDIES CO. 4, Queens Road, Fort, Bombay.

Stockists: Messrs. KEMP and Co. All Branches.

Messrs. BELI RAM BROTHERS, Princess Street.

MACEDO & CO., Main Street, Budhwar Peth, POONA.

MENACE OF THE OPEN DOOR.

Exploitation By Foreign Banks

Prof. B. Mukherjee of the Lucknow University, giving evidence before the Banking Enquiry Committee, dealt, amongst other things, with the question of the foreign Banks in India. In the cause of his written statement he said:—

It is hardly necessary, to argue the theoretical necessity of retaining some control on the foreign banks. The question has so often been discussed, within recent years, in the press and in the Legislative Assembly that it is hardly necessary for us now to argue "de novo" the economic justification of controlling the operations of foreign capital and foreign banks in India. As regards foreign capital, the External Capital Committee of 1925 discussed the question in great detail. The theoretical necessity of controlling foreign finance is now admitted in all countries. The Cunliffe Committee in England suggested that the question of protecting British banks from the encroachments of foreign finance should be carefully considered. In America, branches of foreign banks are governed by State banking laws. In many cases, the national banks are protected against the competition of foreign banks, e.g., foreign banks are not allowed to accept deposits in some places. Restrictions are imposed on the amount and character of their business. In Japan, foreign banks can only work under a special license in which any condition can be imposed before they are allowed to start operations. The Government can curtail its scope, forbid deposits, disallow any branch, impose any taxation and call for any statement from them. The Industrial banks of Japan import foreign capital for the country but without the foreign domination. The Central idea in all these restrictions is to prevent unfair competition with the national banks.

Before I proceed further, let me recapitulate briefly some of the arguments urged in justification of such control. The main points may be briefly stated below:—

DISCRIMINATION.

It is said that the foreign exchange-banks discriminate between the European and the Indian merchants. There is, no doubt, a feeling that the business offered by Indians is not considered on its merits but from the view point of possible loss to European interesas. How far this is true. I have no means to judge. Only those who are engaged in active business can speak with authority about it. The exchange banks finance foreign trade and as foreign trade is largely in European hands it is only natural that a large part of their advances will go to the Europeans. The direct evidence of Indian merchants who have been either fairly or unfairly treated by exchange banks will of be great assistance and, no doubt, the Banking Committee will get a opportunity of testing such evidence. The point is worthy of careful consideration and an authoritative finding by them will clear the ground considerably.

The charge is often made that exchange banks manipulate rates to the detriment of merchants It is really difficult to agree with this view. Regarding the rupee—sterling exchange, I do not think the rates charged are either excessive or unfair. Having regard to the number of banks operating and the keen competition between them, the rates are competitive. A particular class has the monopoly of foreign exchange business, but within that class there is free competition.

For a long time, the exchange banks had a practical monopoly of deposits in this country. Backed by cheap finance from abroad, they have built up large reserves and are now safely entrenched behind an impregnable position. They can now afford to decoy deposits by offering tempting terms and by various other measures. At present, they monopolise the foreign exchange business. Even the Imperial Bank was warned on and compelled to go out of the field in order to save their vested rights. What does India get as "quid pro quo"?

It is urged the exchange banks, instead of importing funds from abroad to develop Indian trade utilise their Indian deposits for financing trade abroad. The total borrowings of exchange banks in India came to Rs. 72 crores in 1926 as against Rs. 63 crores of the joint stock banks. The suspicion was confirmed recently by a speech made by Mr. T. W. Beaumont—Pease, the Chairman of the Lloyd's Bank in London, when he said that "no portion of our deposits at home is used for the purpose of making loans in India".

We want foreign capital but not foreign control. The exchange banks bring a limited amount of foreign capital and vast amount of foreign control, that is much more than what we bargain for. Hence arises a clear need of some control over them.

The foreign banks have never been friendly to the Indian banks. Seldom have they come to our aid in times of difficulty. They always stand apart and look on with majestic indifference when the Indian banks are in deep distress. They derive enormous advantages and profits out of India: what do they give us in return?

Their unfriendly attitude is due largely to the foreign personnel, foreign management and foreign control. Their superior staff is all foreign—"No Indian need apply". Their policy is dictated by foreign boards or directorates, and, no wonder, Indian interests go to the wall. With their superior staff, all foreign, Indians get no chance either of employment or of training. And yet, while the Indians are practically deprived of all opportunities of training there is no limit to the homilies we hear, in season and out of season, on our want of ability, honesty and efficiency.

The safety of Indian depositors require a certain amount of control.

As a result of the exchange banks controlling the foreign exchange business, the greater part of the export trade and a large part of the import trade are in non-Indian hands.

There is a growing feeling in the country that Indians must take their proper place in the banking organization of the country. This can only be done by some control on the foreign banks to be exercised in the interest of the Indians.

THE FORM OF CONTROL.

The following forms can be suggested:—

(1) Foreign banks seeking to operate in India must be registered with a rupee capital,

(2) with a majority of Indian holding in the shares,

(3) with a majority of Indian directors,

(4) The staff must be Indianised as much as possible. A minimum standard of Indianisation must be enforced.

(5) They must have a license before they begin work and the license would be granted only after a scrutiny of their capital, the share of Indians in the capital, the number of Indians on the directorate etc. The license will regulate the conditions on which they can accept deposits, the nature and volume of business they can undertake, the number of branches they can open and the areas where they can do it. It will also lay down the periodical statements and informations they must furnish, the number of Indians they must retain on the staff the number of Indians they must train etc. The license is to be granted by a committee consisting of the Finance Member as chairman, two representatives of the Legislative Assembly one representative of the exchange banks and one representative of the joint stock banks.

(6) All banks should be compelled to take a certain number of Indians for training as apprentices,

(7) In all future transfers of shares in existing foreign banks, Indians must have a right of pre-emption.

(8) They should be compelled to "publish half yearly" statements of their assets and liabilities.

In his oral evidence he was very emphatic on the need of adequate control over foreign Banks operating in this country, and suggested that if such control could not be secured, the best solution would be to prevent them from receiving Indian deposits, which represented the savings of India and which could not be allowed to go through foreign Banks to foreign nationals, but must benefit Indian traders and industrialists. It would then be desirable to allow only those Banks, which are registered under Indian law, to do banking in all its aspects freely and also to receive deposits in India, and to prevent others from doing so.

Radium Snow.

It is a welcome sign of the times that the swadeshi enterprises are forging ahead. Toilet industry is progressing daily and successfully competing with foreign make not only in price but also in merit. The "Radium Snow" prepared by Messrs. Basak Factory of Calcutta, the sole distributors is an instance of a successful Indian preparation. It is a soothing skin toning material with a delightful fragrances.

Swadeshi Buttons And Pins

—:o:—

The Gold-filled Button Manufacturing Co. of 168-70 Princess St., Bombay are manufacturing, among other things, cuff buttons and pins which can be used by both sexes. They are purely Indian made and moderately priced.

THE BETRAYERS' LAMENT

—:o:—

"We Shall Lose More Money"

The following leaflet was being lavishly distributed in the city on Saturday!

MERCHANTS OF BOMBAY!

How much longer are we to submit to the dictation of those who are not businessmen, and who have no stocks lying idle incurring interest and charges, as to the conditions on which we may sell our stocks and when and where?

What good are we doing to our City and to India by sitting down quietly and obeying any restrictions the Congress like to impose? No good!

Think of all the harm all these hartals are doing to us, to Bombay and to India:—

1. We are all losing money.
2. Our stocks are lying idle when they should be sold and turned into money.
3. We cannot collect our outstandings because our brother merchants cannot turn their stocks into money.

Every day this goes on we shall lose more money.

For any country to be prosperous and contented its trade must go on.

It is time we asserted our rights as citizens to carry on our businesses without all the unjustified restrictions which the Congress seek to impose upon us.

Then let us assert those rights—now!

Indian Central Cotton Committee

—:o:—

A joint meeting between the Local Sub-Committee of the Indian Central Cotton Committee and Sir Arthur McWatters, Acting Finance Member to the Government of India, Sir Frank Noyce, Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands, Mr. H. Denning, Acting Secretary, Finance Department, Government of India, and Mr. K. M. MacDonald, Managing Governor, Imperial Bank of India, was held in Bombay on October 17 to discuss the scheme put forward by the Committee to assist cotton-growers in the marketing of this season's crop.

The representatives of the Government of India were unable to accept the proposed scheme for reasons which have already been published in the correspondence between the Government of India and the Indian Central Cotton Committee.

LOANS ON COTTON.

The Committee was, however, informed that the Imperial Bank of India, at the instance of the Government of India, have agreed to give loans against cotton in up-country cotton centres on a reduced margin, viz. 25 per cent instead of the usual 30 per cent. The Imperial Bank of India however reserves discretion to raise this margin in the event of a considerable rise in the price of cotton.

SELF INFLICTED INJURY

—:o:—

Panwalla's Accusation Fails

Before Justice Baker and the Common Jury Accused Mamoomiya Asadulla was put up for trial on a charge of attempt to murder.

The case for the prosecution was that the accused, Mamoomiya stabbed the Complainant 1. Dulekhan Miyakhan, a Pan shopkeeper at the corner of Foras Road on the 16th of July 1930 at about 12 midnight. That the Complainant was subsequently removed to the J. J. Hospital where he was operated upon and had to stay in the Hospital for about 26 days.

Defence taken up was that it was a self-inflicted wound. Complainant Dulekhan admitted that he was sentenced and underwent imprisonment in a case of quarrel only 3 or 4 months prior to this incident. Witnesses for the prosecution supported the defence and admitted that Complainant Dulekhan flourished his own knife and threatened to stab himself in order to bring the accused into trouble. Complainant wanted the accused to stand surely in a quarrel case on behalf of his friend, one Makbool, which had happened that very night. Accused Mamoomiya refused to stand surety on behalf of Makbool who was a friend of Complainant Dulekhan. The Sub-Inspector also admitted that Makbool the Complainant's friend was arrested by the Police on that very night and was fined by the Magistrate the next day. The jury unanimously found the accused not guilty and he was acquitted.

Dr. Daruwala prosecuted. Mr. Sohrab B. Banaji, Bar-at-Law defended the accused.

Indian Products For Indian Homes.

India imports 20 Lakhs worth of Polishes annually.

USE

'Lotus' Polishes

and

KEEP THE MONEY IN THE COUNTRY.

'LOTUS' BOOT POLISH.

'LOTUS' METAL POLISH.

Sealing Waxes, Disinfectants.

Suppliers to—Indian Stores Department, Army Department, Railways and thousands of satisfied customers all over India.

Manufactured in India by:
JALLO SUBSIDIARY INDUSTRIES CO.,
THE MALL, LAHORE.

OBTAINABLE AT ALL REPUTABLE STORES

INSURE WITH PRESIDENCY (LIFE) INSURANCE Co.'s (PROVIDENT)

Head Office:—AMRUT BUILDING, Dougal Road, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

No Medical Examination. Female Lives also Insured. Policies from Rs. 125/- and upwards. Monthly Premiums from As. 8/- Re. 1/- and upwards.

LIBERAL TERMS For ENERGETIC AGENTS.

Rise India and SUPPORT INDIAN CONCERNS

Established 1871

Bombay Mutual

Life Assurance Society Ltd.

is an ideal one

Stood the test of 60 years

100% Increase all round in 1929.

All profits to policy-holders alone

Bonus on Increasing Scale Since 1871

For Particulars apply to The SECRETARY, 278—Hornby Road, Fort BOMBAY.

TONIC FOR WOMEN

SUNDARI SATHI (Registered)

Can Cure Leucorrhoea and Menorrhogia in 7 days. "Sundari Sathi" is the most effective elixir for all the diseases of women, such as Menorrhoea, Leucorrhoea, dysmenorrhoea, cirhosis, metrits, Hysteria, etc. So many doctors and physicians use it for their patients. Re. 1 per Bottle.

Available at all the Chemists and Druggists everywhere.

DAVE CHEMICAL WORKS

AHMEDABAD and KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

Telegraph "Devekemical."

COMFORT? QUALITY? VALUE?

GET "BAVAROY" and BE SURE!

Bavaroy is a fully jewelled 10½" Size movement gives a cheerful untiring Service, Reliable and Accurate, every part thoroughly tested.

Rolled Gold Rs. 16/- 9 ct. Gold Rs. 20/-
14 ct. Gold Rs. 23/- 18 ct. Gold Rs. 28/-

GUARANTEED FOR 3 YEARS.

VICTOR WATCH COMPANY.

37-39-41, Abdul Rehman Street, BOMBAY.

Telegrams: Timekeeper. Telephone: 23563.

Holbrook's Sauce

NO TABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT

HOLBROOK'S WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

AND

PURE MALT VINEGAR

Sold by all Dealers and Stores.

Sole Agents: HERBERT, SON & CO., Ltd., BOMBAY

ESANOFELE

ESANOFELE—The only world renowned specific for MALARIA. Its efficacy is unparallelled and marvellous. Please try. For children ask for liquid ESANOFELINA.

Sole Agents:

Messrs. GORIO, LTD.,

P. O. Box 159, Fort, BOMBAY.

MALARIA

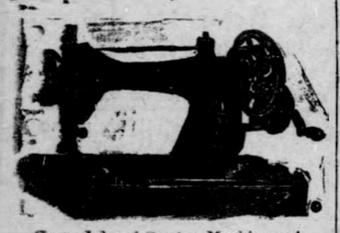
SALE SALE

Only for

DIWALI HOLIDAYS

BE LUCKY

from 18th Oct. to 3rd Nov.



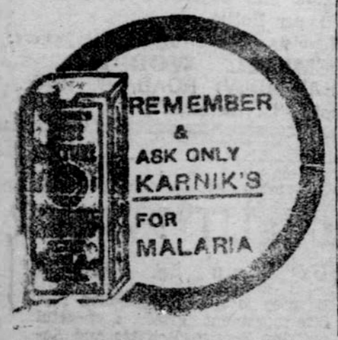
Second-hand Sewing Machines of all makes

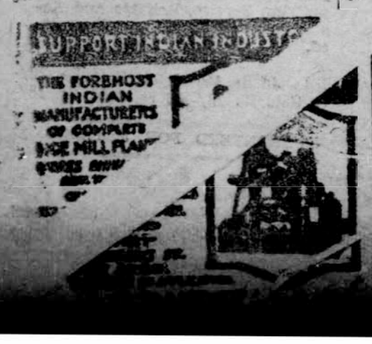
Sold at very Cheapest Rates.

PEDNEKER & Co.,

KANDEWADI NAKA,

Girgaon Road, BOMBAY, 4.





SEEN ON THE SCREEN.

Romance of the Newspaperma (Excelsior)—Gang Warfare in the for Fortunes (Empress)—Harold riar" and Life in Arabia (Opera)... —"Rio Rita" (Wellington)—"Diam n (Pathe)—Disaster on a Liner Underworld (Empire)—Search Lloyd (Edward)—"Yezdegard She-Musician and Don Juan (Capitol) ond Robbery" (Globe).

A TIMELY PROTEST AND DEMANDS OVERDUE.

At last, not everybody who saw the press show of the film is quite quiet about "All Quiet on the Western Front". The film that has obtained international fame has aroused the interest and attention of at least one aleart weekly journal. The journal hopes that the "whole of India sees it". Why is it not seen yet?

The journal registers, moreover, a timely protest against "much rubbish" that is shown "often at quite attractive cinemas". The remedy is, as it ought to be, in helpful comments, not in the eulogies which resemble the noisy "hyperbole" of posters and advertisements.

Colour photography has reached many phases of evolution. And, the blending or hues by the art director, Mr. Edward Jewel for the picture "Red Hot Rhythm," shown last week at the Pathe, was particularly successful in the flame-coloured dance interlude. But the colour-photography was not equally successful in the interiors which terminated the story and dialogue of the picture.

The photography of the travellogue on Burma was as skillfully precise as the travellogue. The cave inferiors were remarkably vivid and enhanced, parceptibly the educative value and appeal of the travellogue.

PATHE CINEMA.

"Drag" concerns a young newspaperman who goes to a small town to take over the local paper. He is also ambitious to become a composer of operettas. In the small town he meets a young girl, finds himself engaged and then married to her. But, unwittingly, he also finds himself supporting her entire family. How they keep dragging the young man down, how he struggles against it, how he finds sympathy and encouragement from an unexpected source—these form the framework of the story. The unexpected source, by the way, is that very charming dark-haired beauty, Lila Lee, while Alice Day, blonde and appealing as ever, plays the wife whose love for her relations is greater than her love for her husband.

The ending of "Drag" is tuneful and colorful when "The Love Prince", a musical play, is introduced as the work of the hero, written while beating his wings against the walls of destiny in the small town. The chief musical hit is "My song of the Nile", and there is also a most catchy song called "I'm Too Young to be Careful". Doubtless they will soon be sung from coast to coast, like "Weary River".

Richard Barthelmess, First-National-Vitaphone star, again registers a talking picture hit with "Drag", his nervest starring vehicle which opened last night at the Pathe Theatre before an enthusiastic audience.

Richard Barthelmess draws, again, another fine dramatic portrait.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

The film 'Atlantic" screened for the first time in Bombay at the Excelsior Theatre on Friday night, should create a great impression. The film makes a special appeal inasmuch as many of the scenes were taken aboard the P. and O. Liner, "Comorin," in Tilbury Docks. It opens with "shots" of evening life on board the great ship. The ball-room is filled with dancers, others occupy the smoke-rooms, and couples promenade the decks. Then with dramatic suddenness, as the ship ploughs its way through the water, the comes a terrible rending c dancers are thrown to the card tables upset, and fo ash, ment confusion pre floor, lightning the word a mo- "The ship has str ails. Like And then, as passes round: settle down uck an inceberg!" Comorin, ne ship begins to tute n in the water (not the pro of course, but a substi- agically provided by the ucer of the film) we see the owds of passengers fighting to get to the lifeboats—sailors hurling women into the boats and knocking men off the rails. Old aristocrats, negroes, pretty girls, momocled young men, Lascars, toughs and nice old ladies, all struggling away. One saw their agonised looks and heard their screams of fear. It is all very cleverly done, as might be expected with E. A. Dupont as the producer and such well known players at Donald Calthrop, Monty Banks, Malding Terriss and Franklin stage play, "The Berg," upon which it is based.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

Gang warfare, fights to the death, riots, speeching police cars—raw, virile melodrama seasoned with the inimitable comedy of Wallace Beery and Raymond Hatton is found in "Partners in Crime," a striking film which will be shown throughout the week at the Empire Theatre. Beery has the part of a dumb detective whose heart is right but whose mind is just a few hours behind time. Hatton has a dual role. First he is a know-all newspaper reporter and then he is "Knife" Regan, an underworld gang leader. Dainty little Mary Brian is the girl in the case, and is the centre of many curious complications around which Beery and Hatton rev It is all very good fu ave. good melod and very th ama, and is a film that is likely to attract a deal of attention in Bombay. A further instalment of the "Tarzan the Tiger" serial completes the programme.

EMPRESS CINEMA.

"Cohens and Kellys in Scotland" will be the principal attraction at the Empress Cinema during the coming week, and there is many a hearty laugh in viewing the adventures of these two happy couples. The Cohens and the Kellys, unknown to each other, start out for Scotland (of all places in the world) with the idea of making fortunes, but they find they are exceedingly over-optimistic in their intentions, and in so tough a spot do they find themselves that they sink their ancient enmity to become partners agr The picture is studded with n. rious bits of business, as illa- ple the attempts of or exam- Kelly to play golf, Cohen and their antics when they bet on horse races, and Cohen trying to master th cacies of the Also mic intri- Scotch language. m the programme is a two- reel comedy titled "Footloose Women."

OPERA HOUSE.

The Royal Opera House advertises further performances of the Parsi play, "Yezdegard Sheriar", on Sunday and Monday, and a Krishna film titled "Yasmina" for the remainder of the week, including several shows on Saturday. "Yasmina" is a romance of love in Arabia and is a most attractive picture.

EDWARD THEATRE.

There will be a daily change of programme at the Edward Cinema, where three different films featuring Bob Steele will be screened on Saturday, Sunday and Monday and Tuesday will be devoted to five short films starring Harold Lloyd.

THE CAPITOL.

"Lord Byron of Broadway", Metro Goldwyn Myer's all-talking comedy, which will be screened at Capitol this week is the story of a musician who works his way up from a small time job in a cafe to fame and success on Broadway. He develops into a sort of Lord Byron and becomes involved in a number of romantic interlures which come to a climax when finds himself entangled in affair with a tempera "prima-donna". The plo an of amusing Comedy mental The film introduces is full known stage stars situations. Broadway juven two well Terry who w Charles Kelley, star of ie, and Ethelind Cliffe Ed s for three years a dian, egfeld's "Rio Rita". ing wards, the noted come- plays his first straight act- part, in a manner that fully mes up to the expectations of his "fans". Several musical numbers form an important part of the production, while another feature is a number of dance ensembles created by Sammy Lee, former Ziegfeld dance director, which were filmed in technicolour and employed a large Albertina Rasch ballet corps. The film will provide entertainment during the Divali holidays.

THE WELLINGTON.

"Rio Rita" is a household word among cinema goers and music lovers. Its haunting music, its powerful and romantic plot, and the sweep of its action have made it the great musical extravaganza of the screen. Its popularity. It will be recalled that it ran three weeks in Bombay some months ago. It is therefore shown again for the benefit of those who have not seen it. It should be Divali attraction. From Saturday addition to the usual shows at 6-15 and 9-45 p.m.

Bebe Daniels, the golden voiced screen beauty and the handsome actor John Boles are featured in a huge cast which includes over a hundred Hoollywood beauties who appear in several charming and original dances. And as for music, the singing of the two principals and the trained chorus provide a real treat hardly to be found in any other screen production. The comedy element is abundantly supplied throughout the picture, especially by Bert Wheeler and Robert Woolsey. A great part of the film is in technicolour which still further enhances its charm.

GLOBE CINEMA.

Patrons who have committed themselves to the theory that western motion pictures confine their interest exclusively to "slam-bang" action will find the surprise of their theatre-holding lives at the Globe Cinema, Sand hurst Road, where the FBO production, "The Big Diamond Robbery" starring Tom Mix, now showing as a special Divali attraction. The robbery is discovered while To as the foreman of the ch, lady's father's dude reading Arizona, is on a ranch in household lt to the owner's To in a metropolitan city. 's search for and recovery of the gem lead him into glorious fights in the city and eventually carry him with Miss McGuire and other members of the party to the ranch in Arizona.

INDIAN STUDIO NOTES

—:o:—

WEST-END CINEMA.

Mr. Nanubhai Vakil's picture "Romances of Radha" is running for the second week at the West-End Cinema.

SURYA FILM CO. (BANGALORE.)

It is only in July last Mr. bhai D. Desai has take hari- charge of the Sury over sole Bangalore. In Film Co. at weeks' time bout nearly 14 has co the Surya Film Co. feat pleted nearly 4 pictures, uring the well-known stars, Miss Laxmi, Miss Jana and Miss Kamala and Messrs. Ganpath Ram Bakre, Bachoo and Gade. First of which "Beggar meets beggar" featuring Mr. Bakre had a successful run recently at the West End. The other ones, which are ready for release are "Flogged into Love", "The Fighting Cavalier" and ne "Hawk." The first one is to be released shortly at the West-End. The Chief Star is Mr. Ganpath Ram Bakre.

RANJIT FILM CO. (BOMBAY.)

Mr. Nandlal Jasmanthlal, of "Wild-Flower" fame has completed his picture "Drums Love" featuring Miss Shanta Kumari and Mr. D. Billimoria which is awaiting release at the West-End. Mr. Nanabhai is now busy giving finish touch to his pictures "Castles in the Air" and "Bugles of War" featuring Miss Putli of "Patriot" and "Tigress" fame in both and Mr. Inamdar in the former and Mr. Balu Ram Shirodkar in the latter. Mr. Nagendra Mujumdar has just finished his picture "Milk-Maid" featuring Miss Sultana of "Glory of India" fame and Mr. G. B. Billimoria and he is busy with the second p ow "Beloved Rogue" featurin cture Billimoria and Miss Pu Mr. E. Jayantilal Desai also di. Mr. his picture "Prin is busy with featuring Mr. Be e Charming" Putli. Now ou Ram and Miss Shah (Pro concern) Mr. Chandulal J. ranger rietor-producer of the vine is making elaborate ar- M ent for his production "Di- Lady" featuring the famous ss Gohur (Senior) and Mr. D. Billimoria.

SHARDA STUDIOS (BOMBAY).

Mr. Phalke whose picture created a great stir in London in 1914, is once again on the film-field after a lapse of 12 years. He is a known film expert. But will Sharadha release his production? Sharadha's picture 'A woman's vengeance" will be shown at West-End.

KOHINOOR UNITED ARTISTS (BOMBAY.)

Mr. Narayan Rao Devare who has had experience in the foreign lands and ever since his return to India has been working hard for the development of Indian Film Industry. He has been the author of several pictures at Kohinoor's and now he as proprietor-producer of the Kohinoor United Artists has completed six pictures in the course of 8 weeks, with the assistance of his cousin Mr. G. S. Devare and Messrs. A. S. Devare, Dadha Gokhale, Kanjibhai Rathod, Garekhan and Hiralal Doctor. One of these pictures "Gallant Girl" featuring Miss Fatma and Miss Shakunthala will be released next week at Krishna Ci-

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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

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12-0 Noon Indian Gramophone Records.

DIVALI HOLIDAY.

9-30 p. m. Manowar Jan of Ajmere. Vocal.

P. H. C. C. SHIELD TOURNAMENT.

A meeting of the representatives of Clubs who have entered this year's Tournament will be held in the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana Pavilion on Thursday, the 23rd instant, at 7 p. m.

PHYSICAL CULTURE PEDFORMANCE.

There will be a physical culture performance under the auspices of the South Kanara Physical Culture association at the C. J. Hall to-day (Monday) at 3-30 p. m. All the performers have been trained by Prof. N. Seshappa, the physical culture expert.

KHADI SEVA SANGH, KHAR.

Under the auspices of Khadi Seva Sangh, Khar, a public meeting will be held to-day (Monday) at 5 p. m. at Laxmi Nagar Mandir, when Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale will preside.

THE KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION.

Under the joint auspices of the Kanara Saraswat Association and the Saraswat Mahila Samaj, the Annual Saraswat Day Celebrations will be held in the Association Hall, Alexandra Road, Gamdevi, on Monday, the 20th and Tuesday, October 21st

BOMBAY PUBLIC CONGRATULATED.

MALKAPUR, Oct. 17.

Yesterday evening largely attended public meeting was held in weekly market under the presidentship of Mr. Ramkrishna Patil. Resolutions congratulating Bombay public and Bardoli—peasants on their tremendous sacrifices was unanimously passed.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

A tear-off calendar for Samvat 1987 fdrom Shri Krishna Hindu Lodge, Bombay.

A tear-off calendar from Arya Nivas Hindu Lodge, Bombay.

Appeal For Help To Andheri Match Co. Strikers

(From A Correspondent.)

The workers of the Andehri Match company struck work on the 4th instant to protest against a cut in wages in departments of the factory. All sympathizers of labour are therefore hereby requested to help the workers in their fight.

Donations should be kindly sent to Mr. V. L. Mehta, Managing Director of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank Ltd., Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, or to Mr. G. N. Sahasrbudha of the Social Service League, Bombay at Damodar Hall, Parel, Bombay No. 12.

Public Meeting At Azad Maidan

Under the auspices of the Bombay Suburban District Youth League a public meeting of the citizens of Vile Parle will be held to-day (Monday), at 9 p.m. at Gandhi Chawk. Mr. H. D. Rajah will preside and Dr. S. K. Basu, Secretary Swedeshi and Khadi Board of Calcutta Congress Committee and other prominant leaders will speak on "The Present Situation and Duties of the Youths."

Public Meeting At Vile Parle

A mass meeting of the citizens of Bombay will be held at the Azad Maidan to-day (Monday), at 6-30 p.m. Mr. H. D. Rajah will preside and Dr. S. K. Basu of Calcutta B. P. C. C. and other prominent leaders will speak on "The Present Politicle Situation and the Duty of Youth."

THE PEOPLE'S BATTALION.

—:o:—

Mr. H. D. Rajah writes:—

In response to the appeal to the Youths of Bombay, a large number has enlisted their names yesterday in the People's Battalion. Enquiries are pouring in about the functions and activities of the People's Battalion, and many young men have expressed their desire to join the People's Battalion. The programme of action is being chalked out for the "Battalion" and it will begin to function soon after the Dewali Holidays are over.

POLICE RAID CONGRESS OFFICES IN CHEMBUR, GHATKOPER AND VILLE PARLE

Baliwalla Kora And Ex-Honorary Magistrate Arrested

Mr. B. D. Kora, a Civil Engineer, and Secretary of the Khar District Congress Committee and Mr. R. D. Baliwala of Bandra were arrested on Sunday and taken to the Bandra lock-up.

EX-HON. MAGISTRATE ARRESTED.

—:o:—

For Being Member Of Unlawful Assembly

The Suburban Police arrested on Sunday at Andheri Sjt. Chunilal D. Barfiwala, ex-Chairman of the Notified Area Committee and Sjt Jayantilal C. Nanavati on a charge of being members of an unlawful assembly. Both of them were connected with the Andheri District Congress Committee. The trial takes place at Bandra to-day.

Sjt. Barfiwala lately resigned his Honorary Magistrateship as a protest against Govarnment's repression.

RAIDS IN GHATKOPAR AND CHEMBUR

—:o:—

Charkhas Smashed And Property Seized

BOMBAY, Oct. 19.

A police party of about 40 sepoys and 2 sergeants raided Ghatkopar Satyagraha Chabni yesterday evening and arrested Sjts. Ramdas and Dahayalal. They are said to have smashed some Charkhas and carried away furniture and other belongings of the Chavni. The Chembur Chavni was also raided about the same time and six volunteers arrested. It is understood that new chavnis will be opened to-morrow early morning with flag hoisting and other ceremonies.

Further details received from suburbs show that at Chembur Police have arrested seven persons, amongst whom there is Mr. Shantaram Chemburker, President Chimbhoor Congress Committee and his old father. The father was later on released on bail. The police removed everything from the Congress Camp and took possession of the camp and the police are guarding it.

At Ghatkoper two volunteers were arrested. The police removed everything from the camp and removed the National Flag. When the police had left local workers met at the Congress camp and restored the National Flag and paid homage to it.

It is rumoured that warrants have been issued against all leading workers.

At about 8 p.m. the Ghatkopar Chavni was again raided and a volunteer who was on guard was arrested. The National Flag which had been reholsted after the first raid was again removed.

—:o:—

CHEMBUR CONGRESSMAN SENTENCED.

Mr. Gangaram Tulaji Dhephade a volunteer from Chembur, attached to the Satyagraha Chhavni (now declared as illegal body) was arrested yesterday on a charge of inducing people to Boycott the Police, and was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50 in default one and half months rigorous imprisonment.

"INDIA'S YOUTH CANNOT AFFORD TO BE IDLE"

—:o:—

In Face Of Bardoli's Glorious Sacrifice

A public meeting of the Youths of Bandra was held on Thursday night, when Mr. H. D. Rajah presided, and speeches were delivered on "The Duty of Youth."

Mr. Rajah briefly referred to the secrifice of the youths of other countries for liberating their country from the bondage of slavery, and said that the India's youth cannot afford to be idle when the whole Nation is in the throes of a revolution. He also referred to the sacrifice of the people of Bardoli and remarked that the struggle for freedom can never be suppressed by any amount of repression. He then severly criticised the new ordinance and appealed to the Youths of the suburbs to make the forthcoming Youth Conference at Bandra a complete success.

FOLLOW MAHATMAJI

—:o:—

Fight With Weapons Of Truth And Love

A public meeting under the auspices of the Bombay Suburban D. Youth League was held on Friday night at Matunga when Mr. H. D. Rajah presided.

Mrs. Gangaben Patel made a fervent appeal to the Youths to gird up their loins and throw themselves heart and soul into the present struggle for freedom. She appealed to them to follow the Mahatma and fight the battle with the weapons of truth, love and above all non-violence.

Mr. Abdul Rashid when allowed to speak started criticising the Non-Violent policy of the Congress when the President promptly pulled him up and as the entire audience was not in a mood to listen to him he had to resume his seat.

Mr. Rajah in winding up the proceedings remarked that Independence could never be won at the R. T. Conference. Referring to Mr. Rashid's criticism he said there is perfect unity so far as the question of freedom was concerned but those who differed from the Congress might carry out their own programme without criticising the Congress programme.

—:o:—

THANA'S DICTATOR :

—:o:—

K. R. Godbole Appointed

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Oct. 17.

An urgent meeting of the Sashti Taluka Congress Committee was held yesterday evening at 9-30 p.m. to decide as to what steps should be taken to meet the situation created by the recent Ordinance promulgated by the Viceroy when the following was passed unanimously:—

"Taking into consideration the present aggressive policy of the Government in order to facilitate the working of the Congress Committee, this meeting of the Managing Committee resolves that that the present Managing Committee which consists of President, Vice-President, Secretaries and Treasurer and others be dissolved and the powers enjoyed by the said Managing Committee be vested in one individual who would be called the Dictator. This meeting further elects Mr. K. R. Godbole, B.A., LL.B., a local Pleader as the first Dictator with power to nominate his successor. Henceforth, all correspondence should be addressed to the Dictator, care of the Congress Committee Office."

An urgent meeting of the Congress Swayamsevika Sangha was also held this afternoon at about 3-30 p.m. when the following resolution was passed:—

"This meeting of the Congress Swayamsevika Sangha dissolves the Working Committee of the Sangha and elects Miss Sunderbai Ranadive as the Dictator of the Congress Swayamsevika Sangha, with power to nominate her successor. Henceforth, all the powers of the Working Committee which consisted of President, Vice-President and Secretaries are vested in the said Dictator."

In another meeting of the Sangha held, Miss Ranadive was congratulated for having accepted the responsibilities of the office of the Dictator of the Sangha.

Mr. D. M. Damle, the Vice-President of the Sashti Taluka Congress Committee, who was undergoing his sentence of imprisonment in the Thana Jail was unexpectedly released yesterday morning at 10 a.m. He was sentenced in connection with a speech made at Alibag asking people to break the Salt Act. He was to be released on 18-10-30, but all of a sudden yesterday morning without giving him any intimation while he was drinking milk he was asked to pack up his things and be off. Mr. Damle was living only on milk and the quantity of milk that was given to him according to rules was two pounds only per day. He appeared to be reduced having lost 25 lbs. in weight.

Mr. Damle was given a rousing reception by the citizens of Thana in a public meeting held yesterday at 9-30 p.m. in the Hanuman Vyayyam Shala under the presidentship of Mr. B. A. Padhye. In his reply Mr. Damle gave his bitter experience of jail life. The food given to "C" Class prisoners was of such quality that no animals would taste it. The jail officers are no better than the officers of other jails of India. As to the programme that is to be adopted by the people, Mr. Damle said that they adhere strictly to the Congress programme and carry it out faithfully and religiously till India wins independence.

Mr. Damle was garlanded on behalf of several institutions in Thana and there was such a big heap of garlands in front of him that he could not help remarking that he did not deserve the honour and that true patriots are those who die for their country.

GHATKOPER CONGRESS OFFICE RAIDED

—:o:—

Arrest And Confiscation

The police at Ghatkopar carried a raid on the Congress Committee office of that place at 5-30 in the evening of Sunday laast.

Two volunteers, Ramdas and Dahyabhai who were present in the office at that hour were arrested and the property found on the premises confiscated. It consisted of two Charkas and a pair of evidently discarded sandals.

"Chronicle" Photo.
Mr. Balvantrai Bhutta, Secretary, B. P. C. C. who has been jailed.

MRS. AMBALAL—AHMEDABAD'S NEW DICTATOR.

—:o:—

Old Dictator And Secretary Jailed.

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 18.

Honorary First Class Magistrate Khan Bahadur Kadri, sentenced to-day the Secretary of the Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Morarji Ranchhodji Desai to three months rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 in default one month's further imprisonment. The new Dictator Mr. Vadilal Dalsukhram was awarded the same sentence and fine.

Mr. Rohit Mehta, Secretary of the Ahmedabad City Congress Committee was also similarly sentenced.

Sarladevi Ambalal Sarabhai has been appointed new dictator.—A. P.

—:o:—

Broach Seva Ashram Hospital Open

—:o:—

BROACH, Oct. 18.

The Police have taken possession of the Seva Ashram and all the buildings thereon but they have not yet sea d the dental and opthalmic charitable hospitals. Dr. H. M. Desai of Ahmedabad will arrive here on 25th proximo and those desiring to avail of his services should remain present in Seva Ashram on 25th morning at 8 a. m. The Dental Hospital remains open from 8 a. m. to 11 a. m. and 3 p. m. to 5 p. m. daily.

Akalkot News.

—:o:—

(From Our Correspondent.)

AKALKOT, Oct. 15.

On the 5th November the opening ceremoney of Maratha Boarding House of Akalkot was performed by Captain Bapusaheb Maharaj, Sardesai of Sawantwadi in the old palace.

The Akalkot Darbar announced the two-thousand rupees grant to the Maratha Boarding. The president declared that the Boarding should be styled as 'Fattesinh Maratha Vasategraha'. The president also gave Rs. 500 as a donation.

—:o:—

NO "DIVALI" UNTIL SWARAJ.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—"No Divali until Swaraj", is a spontaneous and unanimous cry coming from all quarters where Divali Holidays were annually celebrated with all pomp and grandeur. Likewise Bombay also is certainly not in a mood to celebrate Divali Holidays as usual. The Government's repressive policy which has caused the imprisonment of thousands of our countrymen is responsible for this feeling.

The whole of Bombay will, therefore, do well in not illuminating any locality either business or residential but instead in treating these three days from 20th to 22nd instant as mourning days.

There will certainly come a time when we can celebrate Divali in all its glory when we win Swaraj and all our brothers and sisters including Mahatma Gandhi come out of the jails to be among us to share the rejoicing. Yours etc.

N. B. PARULEKAR.

Byculla Bridge, Oct. 18.

Cash Balances Of Government Of India

—:o:—

(In thousands of Rupees.)

In District Treasuries, balance on 30th June 1930 2,17,49; 31st July 1930, 2,09,63; 31st August 1930 2,38,27; 30th September 1930 1,96,13.

Balance on with the Imperial Bank of India 30th June 1930 13,71,38; 31st July 1930 22,69,02; 31st August 1930 16,42,69; 30th September 1930 12,48,05.

Total 30th June 1930 15,88,87; 31st July 1930 24,78,65; 31st August 1930 18,80,98; 30th September 1930 14,46,19.

PANDIT MOTILAL TO TRY JUHU RESORT?

Consultation With A Bombay Specialist.

The Mussoorie Correspondent of the "Hindustan Times" writes:—

Enquiries made about Pandit Motilal's health show that under the present treatment, his insomnia trouble is being steadily reduced, although blood in sputum still continues. Panditji is seriously thinking of changing his treatment.

Within this week he may leave for Allahabad where he has arranged to meet a specialist arriving from Bombay. Panditji is being advised to try some sea resort in the Bombay Presidency. If the specialist whom Panditji is going to consult, approves of this suggestion, then he may leave for Bombay very soon.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, who is at present in Mussoorie, is leaving soon for Lucknow where a number of functions are being arranged in his honour.

From Lucknow he intends to go to Allahabad where also he is to participate in many functions in which a large number of villagers are expected to join.

It is learnt that he will thence go to Amritsar and Bombay.

Efforts are being made to persuade him to break his journey in Delhi on his way to Bombay.

PANDIT MOTILALJI RETURNS TO ALLAHABAD

—:o:—

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 19.

Pandit Motilal Nehru returned to Allahabad from Mussoorie this afternoon.

The Volunteers Conference over which Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru presided to-day was stated to be a private meeting, not open to the press.

A large gathering is assembling at Purshottam Das Park for to-nights' meeting under the presidentship of Mr. Sanderlal.

It is not certain whether Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will address the meeting or not.—A. P.

HINDU GYM. DEFEAT BOMBAY CRICKETERS

Chandarana Scores 71 Runs

The Hindu Gymkhana made a remarkable recovery against the Bombay Cricketers when the game was resumed on Sunday. Chandarana and Bhagwandas carrying the score to 236. The last pair added 99 runs, of which Chandarana contributed 71, 10 4's being included in his account. When the Bombay Cricketers went in they failed to make any headway against the Hindu Gym. bowling, and were dismissed for 98 runs. The home team won comfortably by 138 runs. Bhagwandas was the most successful bowler, his four wickets costing only 24 runs.

HINDU GYMKHANA.

(1st Innings Continued.)

Chandarana, c Wadkar, b Dhabolkar	71
M. S. Gurter, not out	2
M. Bhagwandas, c Dhabolkar, b Gawankar	28
Extras	17
Total	236

BOMBAY CRICKETERS.

(1st Innings.)

S. K. Pawaskar, c Merchant, b Jai	6
G. S. Rao, c Bhagwandas, b Jai	5
V. S. Dongre, c Jai, b Bhagwandas	4
J. V. Dhabolkar, c and b Bhagwandas	17
T. H. Tulpule, c and b Gurter	6
J. D. Wagle, l.b.w. Merchant	11
R. P. Wadkar, c Chandarana, b Gurter	0
T. N. Bhaterao, c Rana, b Merchant	9
V. V. Dhabolkar, not out	15
R. G. Wagle, b Bhagwandas	2
G. B. Gawaskar, b Bhagwandas	0
Extras	23
Total	90

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	R.	W.
L. P. Jai	8	15	2
Bhagwandas	12 3	24	4
M. S. Gurtu	7	22	2
V. M. Merchant	6	17	2

TWO RECENT INDIAN BATTING RECORDS

School Master's Fine Display

Though the Quadrangular Cricket Tournament will not be held this year, there has been some interesting cricket during the season.

Godambe's remarkable innings of 176 not out in the final of the Secunderabad Tournament is perhaps his finest effort in big cricket so far. The win of Hindu all rounder has frequently shown that he can wield the bat to good purpose on occasion.

Another record, though in a less ambitious sphere, was the big inning of 222 not out, played by E. Shaw of Jubbulpore in a match for the Self Cricket Shield. Shaw is a teacher in the Christ Church School and has put up some big scores round Nagpur way. He played a brilliant inning unaided by a single chance and was the biggest contributor to the score of 271. St. Tloysius School XI. could only must is 57 run and were far behind on the days play.

Shaw has beaten the record of D. Mayberry also a Christ Church player, who scored 158 not out last year against the Training College.

MAHARAJAHS & JUTE CRISIS.

—:o:—

DARJEELING, Oct. 18.

A deputation consisting of Maharaja Sir Prodyot Coomar Tagore, the Maharaja of Mymensingh, the Maharaja of Cassimbazar and others waited upon His Excellency the Governor regarding the jute crisis in Bengal.—A. P.

DELHI'S TALL

1,000 Men And 19 Women Jailed

The "Daily Tej" of Delhi writes that the Delhi Congress Committee has prepared a list of those Satyagrahis who have been sentenced in connection with the C. D. movement. From the list it appears that from the beginning of April to October 15 the number of those sentenced in Delhi is about a thousand which includes 19 women.

The figures of Meerut and Muzaffarnagar districts which form parts of the Delhi province are not included in this list.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
MONDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1930.

CAMOUFLAGE.

—:o:—

Prolific in platitudes, India's "Delegates" to the Round Table Conference have started inflicting high-sounding phrases now from abroad. The situation in India can be saved "by a friendly settlement between England and India", says Dr. Sapru. This commonplace was not unexpected. Indeed, we would have been surprised if Doctor Sapru had successfully resisted the temptation of uttering it as if it were a paradox discovered in very dramatic circumstances. Nor has Dr. Sapru, or, for that matter, Mr. Jayakar, disappointed us about their verbal passion for Dominion Status. Speaking to Reuter about the position of India, Dr. Sapru said: "That position, as far as we are concerned, is that of self-governing Dominion within the Commonwealth." We have heard this before also. Every non-Congressman has talked of Dominion Status, but failed when put to the test. The whole history of negotiations regarding the Round Table Conference amply bears it out. Many of them put their signatures to the Delhi manifesto of November last which interpretated the Viceregal offer to imply a Dominion Constitution. The Viceroy disagreed with the manifesto and our co-operators meekly agreed with the Viceroy. Later pronouncements by responsible British politicians, specially by Earl Russel, led them to agitate for a definition of the objects of the Round Table Conference. But as soon as the Viceroy definitely decided to be vague they again meekly and even cheerfully accepted the official formula of a "full and free Conference". Thus, they deliberately made the constitution for India a basis of discussion and negotiation at the Round Table Conference.

There is, therefore, nothing very impressive in the following declaration that winds up the Sapru-Jayakar statement given to Mr. Slocombe:

"If other Parties to the Conference realise that India will not be satisfied with anything less than the immediate granting of self-government and that we have come prepared to negotiate on this basis, a settlement is possible."

As an ultimatum—of which our "delegates" have a horror,—it has not the central merit of being categorical. The very fact of accepting the invitation to a full and free Conference is a negation of it. This, however, is not all. They have, as usual, carefully indemnified themselves against the dangers arising out of possible indiscretions of definiteness by that magic phrase "subject to safeguards". We notice that the idea was expressed at Marseilles as "temporary limitations regarding the army and foreign policy to be adapted to it" (the actual form of self-government). This in itself was a very considerable modification of self-government. But Doctor Sapru seems to have detected something dangerously positive in it. So he took the earliest opportunity of elucidating it thus:

"We must have a constitution which settles our fate, subject to such safeguards or reservations and adjustments for the period of transition—which we do not envisage will be very long—as the conditions of India require."

Which is all beautifully vague and means in the ultimate analysis the same kind of Dominion Status in action in internal as Mr. Benn's Dominion Status in action in international affairs.

The demand is for Dominion Status minus the fact of it, reconcilable only to Indian Liberal conscience which is happily innocent of all obligation to the country and its sentiments. We know that Dr. Sapru apologetically whispers about the condition of India being "bad". But he is thereby merely insulting his Motherland after having injured it by agreeing to play the game of its masters. The condition of India was sufficiently bad to compel every Indian with any national pride in him to refuse to have anything to do with a Conference which mocks the Indian tragedy. Today it is worse. Repression has taken a further and a more serious step forward in the ninth Ordinance. It is an assault on the security both of person and property. It is resulting in an endless treck to jail. It has compelled response from ladies like Miss Fathia Somji, the Vice-President of the local War Council, who is a Muslima, and Mrs. Ambalal Sarabhai who is the wife of the most prominent mill-owner of Ahmedabad. The situation in India is certainly bad. There are 40,000 of India's best and noblest in jail already. Yet Doctor Sapru and his colleagues have just enough patriotism to ignore it and settle down to the congenial task of decapitating the unfortunate term "Dominion Status" in St. James Palace and Chesterfield Gardens.

MORTGAGING INDIA'S RESOURCES

—:o:—

The Government of India rule by Ordinances, extra-legal devices that set at naught civilised conceptions of "law and order" and the rights of property, and they seek the wherewithal, the finances, for carrying on the administration by raising a number of loans, without the consent of the people they govern. They function as a "Trustee" who saddles the "ward" with financial obligations so heavily that when the latter attains "majority" he would be floundering in a morass of debt. During the short course of twelve months the Indian tax-payer has been burdened with a debt of nearly 100 crores. His protests have been vain. His duty is only to pay and to pay, because are not the "Trustees" slaving away to secure "peace and prosperity" for their "wards"? The latest sterling loan, "oversubscribed" in the London money market, is further proof, if any were needed, of the unconcern of the "Trustees" regarding the ability of the "wards" to bear the cumulative burden of debt arbitrarily imposed upon them.

Three significant causes have operated in the infliction upon India of the latest loan. Determined not to cut down the extravagant administrative and defence expenditure, the Government of India cannot carry on without more borrowing. There is a substantial drop in revenue facing them owing to the severe economic depression and the loss in customs and excise revenue; they have to remit the colossal amount of "Home Charges" and they find that their currency policy, in which they persist stubbornly in the face of Indian opposition, has landed them in acute financial plight. What do they do to get out of the 'impasse'? Or rather what did the Finance Member, Sir George Schuster, do off his own bat because it is reported that his colleagues of the Executive Council were not consulted in the deal he effected in London and only learnt of the terms on which the loan was floated through Press cables? There is a happy arrangement concluded between him and the India Office, under which a number of British investors find a very agreeable proposition before them—to lend money to the Indian Government at rates far in excess of any they can secure for their capital anywhere else. If the financial operations of the Government of this country were in Indian hands, it is certain that such an arrangement which conveniently puts money in the pockets of British investors, would not have been carried through. If India were mistress of her public purse, it is inconceivable that she would allow a policy to continue under which she is forced to play the part of a helpless and unwilling debtor.

What are the immediate effects of the latest financial coup of Sir George Schuster? The new sterling loan means a drop in the prices of previous loans, involving material loss to investors both in India and England. But the vicious circle will be continued, of issuing Treasury bills and Rupee loans in India at still higher rates, the Government of India electing to regard with 'sang-froid' the perilous economic consequences of their policy on the fortunes of indigenous industry. As a foreign banking expert observes in analysing this device of borrowing at high rates of interest: "If every businessman in India can get six per cent. without any work and without facing risks inevitable to industrial undertakings, then nobody would go in for industrial development of the country and invest money in trade." There is also another significant feature of this financial policy of the Government of India in association with the Pundits of the India Office that has an ominous bearing upon Indian political demands. It is evident from these loan operations that there is an attempt to saddle India with an unbearable load of financial obligations, so that whatever form of pseudo-Dominion Status, with a number of reservations for the sake of British vested interests, is imposed upon her, she should not be able to secure financial autonomy. The wisdom of Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress leaders in insisting upon the inclusion of the question of settling the debt account between India and England at any Indo-British Conference, which is meant to be genuine and as between two equals, stands out now in glaring contrast with the precipitate haste with which Lord Irwin's invitees have gone to London.

TRASH.

—:o:—

The Indian Industries Association has been entertaining the public by issuing "bulletins" in which a dismal picture is drawn of the ruin that faces India because her people are showing an increasing determination to patronize Swadeshi, to stiffen the boycott of British goods and widen its sphere. Evidently the patriotic determination of India's sons and daughters does not suit the convenience of persons whose chief object is the promotion of "indigenous" industry by inviting British capital "to associate" more closely with Indian capital. But why does the Indian Industries Association make an incursion into pure politics in its latest bulletin? The bulletin issued on Friday is a ridiculous attempt to paint the Congress in the blackest colours. It fails because of the grotesque charges it levels against the Congress. We are told: "Congressmen have never been willing to face realities and prove the truth of their profession that they have more regard for the future of the country than for themselves as a party." This impudent libel against the Congress is not substantiated by the producer of the bulletin who proceeds to state over and over again that the Congressmen have "shirked the question of minorities". But the country knows better. If there has been any body of political opinion that has courageously faced the minority and the communal problem it is the Congress. The solution proposed by it is not conceived in a narrow-minded spirit. Pundit Jawaharlal's presidential address at Lahore emphasized the broad and generous manner in which the Congress would solve the problem. But, of course, the gravamen of the charge levelled against the Congress by the Indian Industries Association lies in its refusal to participate in the Round Table Conference. We read: "Congress, despite all concessions offered, would not go to the Round Table Conference." 'All Concessions!' The perpetrator of the "bulletin" should be snapped up by the Simla scribes who write their weekly "appreciation". Such talent should not be allowed to waste in Bombay. Need we add that in their futile anti-national propaganda the Indian Industries Association are not alone? Leaflets were distributed in the city on Saturday warning merchants to revolt against Congress "tyranny" and bravely to rescue the British exporters of textiles to India from their present plight!

A LONDON LETTER.

VALUE OF FOREIGN PROPAGANDA.

(BY GWYNETH FODEN).

LONDON, Oct. 2.

"Foreign propaganda," writes Munshi Iswar Saran, (ex-M.L.A.), to the Press, "is necessary, for the world opinion is a mighty factor to place the true facts of the present situation before the civilised world. But this work can be done far better by Indians. Indeed, a distinguished Professor in London told me that he and others like him, were willing to form an organisation to work for India, provided Indians themselves were willing to keep it going".

Mr. Saran has hit the right nail on the head. Active propaganda means funds. He comments upon the fact that enormous sums of money and energy were expended during the War with the object of securing the goodwill of the world. I agree with him. War, or any great national movement costs money.

THE IRISH WAY.

The Irish found it obvious that work could not be carried on without it; so the leaders of the Irish freedom movement selected from among themselves, those capable of carrying on the more important part of the administration and formed a ministry. Different members were appointed to fulfil the posts of some kind—such as President, Minister of Finance, Minister for Active Propaganda etc. The Minister of Finance accordingly prepared a prospectus and advertised in all the Nationalist papers for the issue of a loan of one million sterling—£500,000 to be offered to the public for immediate subscriptions; £250,000 at home; £250,000 abroad in Bonds to meet the needs of small subscribers. The Ministry further promised to safeguard those interests from British interference.

BRITISH RIDICULE.

How well do I remember the amazement of the public, both Irish and British, at this bold movement to float a loan for the Irish Republic, officially non-existent whilst under British rule! What ridicule the British Press heaped upon the leaders of this great National Movement and asked how they could imagine that people would entrust their money with a handful of "agitators and ruffians." How they laughed—but not for long! Rich and poor responded. They got the money and more, because De Valera, the Congress member, raised huge sums in America by his successful propaganda. Try as they would, the Government could not get hold of this money. All copies containing the advertisement for the loan were seized by military order—the subscribers were threatened with arrest and imprisonment, many never expected to see their money again but it was a proof of their solidarity. After one raid on the offices by the English forces in which a register containing names of subscribers to the loan was captured, the British authorities were amazed to find among them names of men whom they had looked as their most loyal supporters. "It was a surprise to the people of Ireland when the "Irish Free State" in fulfilment of their pledges honoured these bonds for which they paid 281 in the £1 in 1927.

MUSSOLINI'S EXAMPLE.

Another example of the self-sacrifice of a people to save their country, was Mussolini's appeal to the people of Italy at a great crisis: "Citizens, Italy has forty million inhabitants. If everybody offers but one dollar to the country we shall save the nation. The Fatherland is not to be denied; it is to be conquered. We will to conquer; we shall conquer!"

Within a week, the sum asked for was already over-subscribed, and the newspapers published each day the names of the subscribers who considered it their duty to figure on the list. The foreign politicians stared in amazement at the man who had awakened this enthusiastic spirit of self-sacrifice in a people believed to be bankrupt.

Then why not India too?

CREATE NATIONAL FUND.

India is poor. But if the monied classes—who love their country and want to see it free and happy—will ensure that the sacrifices of their countrymen and women who have suffered for India shall not be in vain, then they will follow the example of Ireland and Italy, and contribute largely to the National Fund raised for the purpose of laying the true facts before the whole world. Remember it is a world question, the peace of India means the peace of the world. Propaganda is the only word, there is no other.

TREATMENT OF WOMEN POLITICAL PRISONERS

NO BANGLES FOR WOMEN PRISONERS.

—:o:—

(BY A RELEASED PRISONER.)

The general public has practically no idea of the stupidity with which rules or absence of rules in the Jail Manual are worked in practice. A question of a very serious nature has arisen in the Central Prison at Sabarmati, though it may surely have been or will be a problem, in due course of time in all the jails, with the arrest and imprisonment of women.

It is a matter of common knowledge that Hindu women and Hindu society attach religious importance to bangles and the sacred thread (called "Mangal Sutra") worn by all Hindu women who are not widows. It is interesting to note that the Code of Civil Procedure, even, provides that personal ornaments which, in accordance with religious usages, cannot be parted with by any woman, are exempted from attachment. A creditor cannot deprive a woman of her bangles, and her "Manglasutra," but the Jail authorities can! It has happened in the Ahmedabad Central Prison that the bangles of married women who are not widows, were removed, and wherever it was not possible to break them easily, they were broken with the assistance of the Jail blacksmith. The bangles fof a Hindu woman are broken only when she becomes a widow, and the sentiment on that question is so great that even in the ordinary language whenever a bangle breaks, the phraseology used is something which would avoid the word "break". Breaking of bangles is always associated with the death of the husband, and no Saubhagyawati woman (i.e. one whose husband is alive) would allow her bangles to be broken. It is the greatest calamity of her life.

AN IMPORTANT QUESTION.

Now, when the rules were originally made, they were with reference to ordinary women of criminal tendencies; and there was perhaps no consideration of higher caste women, among whom the sentiment about the bangles is running to the high pitch, I have mentioned above. There may have been cases where individual prisoners might have felt helpless and submitted to the tyranny of breaking of the bangles. There may be many with reformed ideas who may not be keen on bangles, but there is no doubt that the ordinary Hindu society is very keen on the question of bangles.

One wonders why women are not allowed to wear bangles. It might have been feared that they would inflict some injury on themselves, but is it possible with the Civil Disobedience prisoners? The question is of wide importance, not only because of the possibility of a large number of women going to the prisons, but it shows how official Jail Administration is indifferent to or ignorant about the customs and manners of the Hindu society.

HUNGER-STRIKE THREATENED.

The question is taken up by the women prisoners in the Sabarmati Central Jail, and it is understood that they have addressed the Jail authorities a letter requesting them to consider the question humanly and justly. They have already stated that, in case their representation about women prisoners being allowed to wear their bangles is not favourably considered by Monday, the 20th instant, they would go on hunger-strike; and I should not wonder that if they go on hunger-strike for three or four days, there may be a corresponding sympathetic hunger-strike among all the other prisoners (male) in the Sabarmati Jail. I trust good sense would prevail, particularly when, as I understand, the representation is supported by two European visitors, one being the Commissioner, Northern Division, and the other the District Judge of Ahmedabad.

A and B class prisoners are permitted to have forks and knives, so also are the European prisoners, and yet they can be trusted to do no mischief; but the poor Hindu woman, who attaches such sacred and religious importance to her bangles is to be deprived of them; and the bangles

(Continued on Page 8.)

NOTES OF THE DAY.

Insulting The National Flag.

Apropos of the working of the Ninth Ordinance in the Bombay Presidency, the "Civil and Military Gazette" of Lahore writes:

"The spurious atmosphere of sanctity pervading the Ashram was rudely—and very properly—disturbed, searches were conducted and arrests made, and, best of all, the Congress "National" flag was hauled down and the Union Jack hoisted in its place." And therefore "let us have a little more Union Jack." The sentiments—even the despicable insinuation of hypocrisy—are intelligible from the point of view of the patriotic England—for—ever native of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. But, as Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru pointed out at Lucknow, the insult offered to the National Flag, (in respect of which no Ordinance has yet been issued) by hauling it down cannot but wound the susceptibilities of millions of Indians. This is forcing a new issue as between the "National" Flag and the Union Jack with which, the Congress President rightly said, the country had no quarrel. What the consequences of such a "gesture" will be are evident to all save Anglo-India.

Jawaharlal on N. W. F. P.

There is another significant remark that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru made while replying to the address of the Lucknow Board:—

"The bureaucracy talked of giving wretched reforms to the Frontier Pathans. He for one was prepared to present those people of exemplary courage with pen and ink to write out their own demands."

There could not be a more chivalrous acknowledgment of the sufferings braved by the Frontier Muslims. We would make a present of this appreciation to the communalist Musalmans, who have been seeking to deceive the community regarding the bona fides of the Indian National Congress in the matter of the Constitutional position of the N. W. F. P.

Doctor Besant And The Boycott.

No one need quarrel with Doctor Besant over her disapproval of Civil Disobedience beyond, of course, pointing out the obvious fact that her strong speeches in England against the assault on the Working Committee have produced no results. But she admits the efficacy of the movement for the boycott of British goods. For "I believe it has been an effective weapon in rousing Britain to the need of a far-reaching solution of the Indian problem." This is most welcome and we hope and trust that Doctor Besant will lend her strong and valuable support to that part of the Congress movement that relates to the boycott of British goods. It is certainly an "effective weapon." And if it had the benefit of Doctor Besant's undoubted talents it is sure to lead to a satisfactory solution of India's difficulties.

Sjt. Sethna's "Message."

One wonders why Sjt. Phiroze Sethna felt impelled to issue one more statement. "It is my fervent appeal to the Nation not to prejudge the issues but clear this atmosphere of sentiment and impatience, keep an open mind and give us a sporting chance and see what we can do." This "fervent"—how sentimental!—appeal to the "Nation" comes with ill-grace from Sjt. Sethna who, avowing that he represents no one, has yet gone to London to speak on behalf of this country. He talks of a sporting chance. We do not know what exactly he means by it. For all the "sporting chance" that he gave to the Nation constitutes in swallowing his pride as an Indian and defying the country despite his own eloquent references to Hamlet and "farce." "Sporting chance" indeed. But it is not unnatural. When a collection of individuals representing only themselves can be dignified as "Delegation," a "sporting chance" may mean anything.

United And Patriotic Action!

But Sjt. Sethna was not quite alone in flinging a final message of hope at the Nation. Sjt. C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer had also taken the world into his confidence regarding the mood in which he was leaving India. He was, as he told the Press at Madras, not pessimistic "although I realise that without united and patriotic action nothing can be achieved worth achieving." Optimism is a wonderful quality. It has made C. P. R. appreciate the necessity of the obvious. But it has failed to help him realise its obvious absence. Ignoring the Congress is not "united action" nor is participation at an apology for a Round Table Conference in defiance of the National will very "patriotic."

AMERICAN SYMPATHY FOR INDIA

British Don't Understand Gandhi, Says American Traveller

MORE PRO-INDIAN MEETINGS IN AMERICA THAN IN BRITAIN

(SPECIAL TO THE 'CHRONICLE')
LONDON, Oct. 19.

A Branch of Commonwealth of India League was formed at Walthamstow at a meeting addressed by a member of House of Commons Reverend Reginald Sorensen, and Mr. Krishna Menon. Rev. Sorensen said nothing short of miracle could lead the Round Table Conference to being able to evolve proposals acceptable to awakened Indian opinion.

"American opinion on Indian question" was the subject of lecture at Friends' House, London, by the American traveller, Dr. Sherwood Eddy, who declared that India was at present in revolution and the British did not know that.

AMERICAN SYMPATHY FOR NATIONAL MOVEMENT.

Dr. Eddy said the British did not understand Mr. Gandhi's movement. There were more meetings in connection with Indian question held to-day in America than in Britain. He asserted that the Americans always sympathised with real national movement. Dr. Eddy described the Simon Commission as failure from the beginning. He paid a tribute to Lord Irwin as "fine nobleman comparable to Abraham Lincoln", but according to Dr. Eddy, the most important factor affecting Indians was "galling superiority of Anglo-Saxon race."

ARREST AND LATHI CHARGES IN CITY ON SUNDAY

(Continued from page 1)
walia Tank Maidan. They were asked to disperse by the sergeants who said they had got orders from higher authorities. As Red Cross volunteers they could not offer active resistance and had to disperse.

DELISLE ROAD CONGRESS ACTIVITIES.

—:o:—

On Saturday while a Satyagraha Volunteer Sakharam Ganoo was opening the office at about 10-45 a Sergeant of Delisle Road Police Station arrived there and arrested him and took away one board and one flag.

A public meeting was held on Friday night under the presidentship of Sjt. Kamaladevi Prabhoo at Worli to protest against the Ordinance of the Viceroy and to honour the (Vice President), Dr. Prabhoo Satyagrahi Volunteers. Malvankar and Desai Sits. Shankar Patade, Maltibai Gaikwad and others spoke.

POLICE CHARGE DADAR MEETING

A public meeting of the citizens of Dadar was held on Friday night with Mr. Maniam in the chair. There was a very big audience including a number of ladies, despite the fact that a posse of police of over 60 with officers was watching the scene in front of the meeting.

Mr. Maniam condemned the action of the Government in having declared all the Congress organisations as unlawful bodies and warned the Government that it would not in the least stand in the way of those who are prepared to suffer humiliation for the liberation of their country. India was bound to be free, and will be free, in the near future he declared.

POLICE CHARGE.

When the meeting was dissolved, the crowd began to disperse. The police were on the alert, with lathis raised some of the mischiet-mongers in the crowd are reported to have abused the police as a result of which, the police made a general lathi charge. Even the leaders were not spared. People began to run helter and skelter, many fell down. Many received injuries. Dr. Kirker, belonging to the Ambulance Brigade was assaulted.

CRACKER MERCHANTS SURRENDER.

The serious situation created by the picketing of the Vanar Sena of the Dadar Youth League of the cracker shops has last been amicably settled. During this week as a result of vigorous picketing the general sales have fallen. The volunteers were on many occasions assaulted by the shop keepers abused and spoils and half burned matches and bidis were thrown on them but the volunteers endured all calmly.

A meeting of the cracker merchants was held to-day at 11 a.m. The merchants were allowed to dispose of the old stock on certain conditions, they also signed the agreement which was prepared by the Youth League. The merchants who assaulted the volunteers were fined one pice, and also an unconditional apology was given. The public of Dadar cheered the young pickters and gave them sweet meats and other things.

D. V. JAVLE AS A DICTATOR.

The executive meeting of the Dadar Youth League was held last night to elect a new "Dictator". Mr. D. V. Javle, the publicity officer, was elected unanimously as "Dictator".

PAREL CONGRESS OFFICE RAIDED

Two Arrests Made

On Saturday morning at 10 o' clock the "F" Ward District Congress Committee Office was raided. The office manager, Sjt. S. Vaidyanathan and an office volunteer, who was on duty were arrested and the National Flag and the board bearing "F" Ward B. P. C. C.'s were confiscated. This attracted a good number of spectators as thirty constables and many officers were busy with the raid.

3 PICKETERS ARRESTED

Three picketers of Akali Dal were arrested on Sunday while picketing foreign cloth shops at Grant Road.

"MUST ENGLAND LOSE INDIA ?"

—:o:—

Proscribed Literature Seized

Inspector Chowdhry seized from servant of Mr. Y. J. Meherally at the Esplanade Police Court on Saturday afternoon, a copy of "Must England Lose India?" by Lt.-Col. Arthur Osborne, proscribed under the Customs Act.

The police searched five Presses, from which securities under the Press Ordinance have been asked.

At the Pandurung Vaibhava Press, 10,800 copies of proscribed Prabhat Feri songs were seized.

Several proscribed leaflets were taken away from the other four Presses.

ARRESTS LEAD TO SHOP CLOSING.

The shop of Babu Murlidher opposite the Mulji Jetha Market was picketed and five volunteers were arrested on Saturday.

The arrests created a sensation in that area and large crowds were attracted to the place. Subsequently the shopkeeper closed his shop and the crowds dispersed.

NEW "WAR COUNCIL"

Muslim Lady Vice-President

The following is the new "War Council" of Bombay:—President Haji Noor Mahomed Ahmed. Vice-President.—Miss Soofia Somji. Secretary.—Mr. Abdul Gafoor Abdur Rahman, Editor of "Congress Bulletin".—Mr. Cassumali Mahomed Fateh Ali.

"FREEDOM LIFE---SLAVERY WORSE THAN DEATH"

Mrs. Amrit Kanr's Message

Mrs. Amrit Kaur Jamiat Singh has sent the following messages to the sons and daughters of India:—

Hardships and sufferings are the true touch stone of real greatness and if you wish your future generations to be proud of you then let every one of you contribute his or her share towards the liberation of our motherland. Remember that freedom is life and slavery death, may worse than death.

To the Women of Bombay:—

Let sisters not lag behind brothers in our national struggle for freedom. Let History repeat itself and produce Padmanies for sacrifices, Sitas for defying wrong and Nurjahans for capabilities.

Strict non-violent non-co-operation and taking to khadi will stop foreign exploitation forthwith. Maintain the honour of the National Flag at any cost and let not the sacrifices of brothers go in vain.

SAT SRI AKAL.

NO STATEMENT AND NO DEFENCE

—:o:—

President's Warning To Workers And Volunteers

Mr. Haji Noor Mahomed Ahmed, President of the Bombay Satyagraha Committee in the course of a statement, says:—

"I consider this the proudest moment of my life when the conduct of this fight has fallen on my poor shoulders. The Government has declared the Congress Committees and allied organisations illegal. The fight for freedom must and shall go on. I give a warning to workers and volunteers that under no circumstances they should submit statements or enter into defence. There is no place in this movement for those who have not signed the Satyagraha pledge nor for those who do not believe in Satyagraha. However great the difficulties or obstacles, we must stick fast to truth, non-violence and peace. We have found many hundred volunteers joining our ranks during the last two or three days. Our programme should be carried out without any disorganisation.

DADAR MEETING—AN EXPLANATION.

—:o:—

Mr. D. V. Javle, the Publicity Officer of Dadar Youth League, writes:—

In some of the local Marathi papers it was said that the public meeting of Dadar held on Friday night was under the auspices of the Dadar Youth League. This is incorrect. Mr. E. V. S. Maniam, the Secretary of D. Y. Z. was no doubt requested to preside over the meeting which he did. But it was a meeting called by the public of Dadar and not by any particular organisation.

That Ugly Skeleton In Labour's Cupboard

—:o:—

"New Leader" On Why Door Was Slammed In Face Of Indian Problem

(SPECIAL TO THE 'CHRONICLE')
LONDON, Oct. 19.

Reviewing the Labour Party Conference, the "New Leader" is conscious of a sense of exasperation because, time after time, the plea that nothing should be done to embarrass Government was successfully used to defeat or shelve awkward resolution. The Conference was almost obsessed by thoughts of the next General Election and by the fear of damaging Government. Delegates were stirred uneasily when ugly skeletons like the Indian problem were dragged from the cupboard. They felt that decencies of the Labour Party politics were being outraged and hastily lent their strength to the Chair to slam the door on the ugly object.

BRITISH TRIBUTE TO INDIAN CULTURE

Appeal For "Santiketan" Funds

(SPECIAL TO THE 'CHRONICLE')
LONDON, Oct. 19.

An appeal for contributions to the fund to help work of the University at Shantiniketan (payable to Mr. R. O. Mennell of Kenley, Surrey) is being made by Mr. Daniel, Miss Margery Fly, Mr. Laurence Housman, Mr. A. D. Lindsay, Mr. John Masefield, Mrs. Marian Parmoor, Mr. William Rothenstein, Sir Michael Sadler, Mr. C. P. Scott, Mr. R. H. L. Sheppard, Mr. Edward Thompson, Mr. Evelyn Underhill, Mr. Evelyn Wrench and Sir Francis Younghusband who wish thus in practical way to express their debt of gratitude to Sir Rabindranath Tagore as the most distinguished representative of Indian culture to-day.

Mr. Jamnadas Dawarkadas, soon after his release from jail on Wednesday paid a visit to the "Chronicle" office, where he was snapped by the staff photographer.

WARRANT AGAINST KANARA' DICTATOR ?

Dock-Labourers Refuse To Handle British Goods

NO-TAX UNDER CONSIDERATION

(From Our Correspondent.)
DHARWAR, Oct. 17.

On the 14th instant, Messrs. Jayarao Naragund, LL.B., Pleader, Krishtarao Jorapur and Lingayya Jangin—the last named a Lingayat gentleman of Bagalkot, were sentenced to one month's simple imprisonment and Rs. 200 fine in default one week more under Section 188, I. P. C., for having disobeyed Section 144, Cr. P. C., which was applied against picketing of polling booths on 10th September which was the election day of the Bombay Legislative Council. In the public meeting which was held the same evening to congratulate the Satyagrahis Mr. Kanabur, pleader, declared his intention of taking an active part in the present war. Padmavatibai, the daughter of Mr. Naragund, sold contraband salt and challenged Government to arrest her.

On the same day 4 volunteers of Kerur in the same (Bagalkot) Taluka were sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment for picketing toddy shops. Sjt. Mamadpalli has been sentenced to 7-1|2 months' rigorous imprisonment. Eighteen persons have been arrested for Forest Satyagraha.

The police twice returned from Kittur in the Belgaum district without getting 'panchas' for attaching the property of four persons for recovering fines.

Boycott of foreign cloth and British goods is making headway in Karwar district. Dock labourers have refused to handle British goods thus creating a deadlock by keeping things in mid-sea.

Sjt. Gangadharrao Deshpande and H. S. Koujalgi against the latter of whom a warrant under Section 117 is pending, had an informal talk with workers in Dharwar on the 16th evening. A programme culminating in the non-payment of taxes in talukas which are ready for it, is, it is said, under consideration.

GENERAL HARTAL TO-DAY

—:o:—

The "War Council" has declared a general Hartal to-day in view of Pundit Jawaharlal's arrest.

HAJI NOOR MAHOMED AHMED

An Appreciation

Mr. Haji Noor Mahomed, the President of Bombay's "War Council", who was arrested on Sunday night, comes from the well-known Mundia family of Kathiawar. He began life as a cutlery merchant and was one of the leading merchants in that line. Later he interested in himself in Share Bazar and was a certified broker.

A HOME RULER.

His public life begins with the Home Rule movement of 1915. He took an active part in the movement and interested himself in several other activities for the uplift of the Muslim community. He was one of the founders of the Anjuman-Muinul-Gurba and was one of the prominent members of the local branch of the Muslim League. He rendered valuable services to the Halai Memon community by taking a leading part in the affairs of the Dholka Halai Memon Jamat and was lately rewarded by the Jamat who elected him to the vice-presidentship.

The Khilafat movement of 1920-21 attracted his attention and he devoted himself to it. He has been a member of the Central Khilafat Committee of India for the last ten years.

BELIEVER IN HINDU-MUSLIM UNITY.

A staunch Nationalist and a life-long believer in Hindu-Muslim unity he rendered very valuable services to the citizens of Bombay during the communal riots in 1929.

AN OLD CONGRESSMAN.

An old Congressman he threw himself in the present movement at its inception in April last. As a prominent member of the Congress Muslim Party he did much to bring the Bombay Muslims to the side of the Congress.

KING NADIR SHAH'S ACCESSION CEREMONY

—:o:—

Bombay Afghans Celebrate The Day

BOMBAY, Oct. 19.

The Afghan subjects resident in Bombay celebrated from the 16th to the 18th October the anniversary of the accession to the throne of King Nadirshah of Afghanistan. On Saturday night the Afghan Consul gave a dinner party at which prominent citizens of Bombay were invited and speeches were made congratulating the new ruler of Afghanistan and wishing his regime success.

KING NADIR SHAH'S CAREER.

In the course of a short speech the Afghan Consul traced the career of Nadir Shah in Afghanistan until as a Field Marshal he left for France and later returned with the hope of restoring peace and order in Afghanistan.

The King of Afghanistan was now concentrating his energies on welfare and progress of his people, but curious reports about Afghanistan were from to time being published in the Indian press.

The Consul said that some of the leading papers of India inserted in their columns news about the internal affairs of Afghanistan obtained from unauthentic sources such as travellers and cavaneers. These sometimes caused uneasiness in the Afghan trade market. He appealed to the Indian press to treat such news with caution and restraint.

Among those who replied was the Mayor of Bombay who wished that the Consul would on their behalf send to His Majesty Nadir Shah their sincere felilitations and wishes for prosperous reign.—A. P.

FERIS AND POLICE AT DADAR

(From A Correspondent.)

Many Prabhat Pheris at Dadar and Matunga were seen having their usual parade. Some of them were first stopped by the police, but afterwards they were allowed to go. A Feri containing over 15 persons was arrested, and taken to Mahim Police Station, but afterwards released. Another ladies Feri headed by Miss Kamala Vaidya, Lady Superintendent of the Dadar Youth League was detained for over 2 hours at the junction of Mahim and Matunga Road. They sat on the road plying taklis and singing national songs. Another Prabhat Feri of the Dadar Vanar Sena also paraded through the streets. The police watched from a distance.

German Scientist ON Godrej's Toilet Soaps

Bombay, 25th April, 1930.

MESSRS. GODREJ SOAPS LTD.
BOMBAY

Gentlemen,

I am out on a two years' world tour. I enclose in admiration of the ideal soap you are making, my honest appreciation of it. I am a Scientist, devoting all my time to the study of the human health and specially the skin.

A German, I was led to use your soap in Munich, Germany, by an advertisement I had read in an Indian Paper and your claim that it was made from vegetable oils induced me to do so. My honest conviction and the careful observation both by use and experiment are embodied in the testimonial sent herewith.

Yours faithfully,
(Sd.) KARL LUSURTZE.

CERTIFICATE

As a Scientist interested in bodily health, I have devoted years of study to the functions of the skin, which as we all know is a hard-working organ. Much depends on the way the skin discharges its several functions apart from its obvious protective duty. It serves to rid the body of a great deal of waste in the form of sweat through numberless pores.

I find that soaps made of animal fats, however excellent, are a source of great danger as they clog the pores and retard the free flow of perspiration from the skin.

I have tested by personal use and chemical experiment your soaps exclusively made from vegetable oils and can say with authority that far from clogging the pores, the oleaginous substances assist the flow of perspiration thus freeing the channels from deleterious foul matter and the balsamic effect of the oils used, promotes the vigorous tone of the skin.

I would unhesitatingly give your Soap No. 1 the place of honour as a beauty soap.

As a hair wash, for promoting and eliminating dandruff it can rank with the best soaps. Its daily use should form an item of every woman's toilet and even of the sterner sex.

I specially lay stress on its qualities as a deodorant of offensive perspiration so worrying to many a female beauty. Several ladies to whom I recommended the soap are highly gratified especially with regard to the hair they prize so much. I am a constant user of your No. 1 Soap which in my opinion must find universal recognition as a health and beauty soap.

You are at liberty to make any use of this unsolicited testimonial.

BEWARE!

Majority of Soap Manufacturers in India use ANIMAL FATS. All Toilet Soaps made by GODREJ SOAPS LIMITED are guaranteed free from all adulterants and are made of PURE INDIAN VEGETABLE OILS.

Sole Agents:—

NADIRSHAW, PRINTER & CO.

125, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

Branches at CALCUTTA & LAHORE.

SPECULATIONS ON A "SECRET DESPATCH"

—:o:—

Conclusion Is "No Information" Available

SIMLA, Oct. 17.

Considerable speculation has been indulged in recently about Government's despatch on the Simon and Central and Provincial Committees reports. The despatch is entirely secret and no news is available regarding its contents, but certain points may be emphasised. Firstly the despatch will be published soon after the delegates to the Round Table Conference assemble in London and are supplied with the despatch for their study. Secondly the despatch does not aim at a cut and dried scheme or suggest finality to the Government of India's proposals. Indeed, it seems throughout that the framers of the despatch were confronted with the difficulty that the London Conference would review the whole matter without any commitment.

NOTHING DOING.

Therefore the despatch is mainly in the nature of suggestions which undoubtedly would get weight because they are unanimous but the Government of India itself would probably be pleased to see if any other alternative scheme is adopted by the Conference provided that whatever alternative is chosen has a fair chance of acceptance by opinion in India. Perhaps the real interest in this Despatch would attach to the scheme for a Central Government because in the provincial sphere the Simon scheme was considered more or less satisfactory. There is certainly no possibility of the introduction of dyarchy in the centre but whether duality of control can be evolved on some different basis is for the London Conference to consider by weighing the rival schemes proposed on the subject.

But where the Government of India's despatch is likely to prove most useful to the delegates is in respect of treatment of the Army question in view of the Indian feeling on the subject of Indian Sandhurst and the 'cata' collected by expert bodies like the Skeen Committee and the Indianisation scheme they suggested. While no information is available regarding the contents of the Despatch it seems it leaves the door open for the formulation of any better scheme by the London Conference and the Viceroy's scheme probably claims for it no more than the weight which must attach to the views of men on the spot who have to face the responsibility of Government and of working the new constitutional scheme.—A. P.

ELOCUTION COMPETITION FOR PARSI YOUTHS.

Under the auspices of the Parsi Rajkeya Sabha, an elocution competition of all Parsis under 25 years of age, on "Swadeshi" was held at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Friday last when 22 persons participated. A large number of ladies and gentlemen of different communities were present. Many interesting speeches were delivered. Prof. Jal Daruwala and Ervad Bode acted as judges. The following persons were awarded prizes:

K. D. Darasha 1st prize Rs. 15/
Naushir Munshi 2nd prize Rs. 10/; Miss Ami Moos 3rd prize Rs. 7/-; Miss Mehera Gandhi 3rd prize Rs. 7/-.

Amongst competitors under 10: Jamshed Olia 1st prize Rs. 10; Mis Dosi Engineer—2nd prize Rs. 4/; Phiroze Cama 3rd prize Rs. 4

Mr. B. F. Bharucha then announced the subject for another competition to be held in the last week of November as "What part Parsis should play in the public life of the country", for which prizes of the value of Rs. 50 are offered.

DACOITY & HOUSE SEARCHES

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18.

In connection with armed dacoity committed in the shop of Messrs. Manickchand and Gopalchand yesterday a revolver was discovered in the courtyard of the building shortly after the incident.

The residence of Sureshchandra Das who was arrested yesterday immediately after the dacoity and who is said to be a dealer in empty bottles in the Central Avenue was searched in this connection. Sureshchandra Das belongs to Faridpur.—A. P.

MALAYALEE RESIDENTS OF BOMBAY

A "Kuri" of Rs. 3,552 of 11 tickets at Rs. 32 per month to be started by the Mar Thoma Syrian Ebenezar Church from 22nd November, 1930. Intending subscribers may apply for full particulars to THE TRUSTEES MAR THOMA SYRIAN EBENEZER CHURCH, TRICHUR, (Cochin State).

TREATMENT OF WOMEN POLITICAL PRISONERS.

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(Continued from page 6.)

are to be forcibly broken merely because the Jail Regulations do not permit their retention. It will be interesting to note that Brahmins are allowed to keep the sacred thread, the Parsi can put on the 'Sadra' and the 'Kasti'; a Lingait can carry his 'Linga' even 'in a silver' box; the Sikhs can wear the comb, iron bangles, and their miniature Kirpan, but a Hindu woman may not wear her bangles. Is it that the recognition of even such simple right requires to be enforced?

Another interesting rule is that prisoners are not to be supplied with a copy of the Jail Manual even at their own cost. The Bombay Jail Manual is printed at the Government Central Press, and can be had from any book-seller, and is available to any one who pays Rs. 4-13. It lays down rules relating to the prisoners' rights, duties, etc., and yet he is not to be supplied with a copy of the Manual, which is not a confidential document. Is it not very strange and stupid?

ARBITRARY CLASIFICATION.

The question of classification of prisoners had also caused some stir again on account of the recommendations of the District Magistrate, Ahmedabad, to the Governmment to transfer Messrs. Mavalankar, C. M. Diwan, and Balabhai Jamnadas from class A to class B. They were the members of the first Ranpur Inquiry Committee, and the convicting Magistrate had placed them in class "A". Under the new Rules, the final authority is the District Magistrate who recommends to the Government the classification. It passes the comprehension of any one, as to how these three gentlemen can be placed in class "B," looking to their position and the manner and style of their usual living. Of course, the gentlemen concerned were ready even for 'C' class, but that is a different matter. This instance with the instances of Sheth Ranchhodlal Amratlal, Mr. Amratlal V. Thakkar (of the Servant of India Society), Mr. Manilal Gandhi (son of Mahatma Gandhi), and a host of others will show how the classification rules are worked. The recommendations to put the abovenamed three gentlemen in class "B" had caused an amount of stir in the prison and in the city but a curtain is now to be dropped on the present aspect of that question as they are now released. The question of principle of classification, however, yet remains to be tackled.

VILE PARLE YOUTH LEAGUERS' "DICTATOR."

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At an extra ordinary general meeting of the members of the Vile Parle Youth League held on 17th instant it was decided that "Looking to the seriousness of the political situation in the country this Meeting of the Vile Parle Youth League resolved to suspend the Constitution, dissolves the Executive Committee and vests all authority in Mr. Gambhir V. Kothari who is hereby appointed "Dictator" with powers to carry on all work which used to be done till now by the Executive Committee, and to appoint his successor.

CONGRATULATIONS.

The meeting also passed resolutions congratulating Mr. Ajit V. Mehta and Mr. H. A. Vaidya, President and member respectively, of the League who were jailed on Saturday last. A reception was also accorded to Mr. N. M. Ghate, who was recently released from jail. Another resolution condemned the repressive policy of the Government. Congratulations were also offered to Bhagat Singh and other accused of the Lahore "Conspiracy" case.

Calcutta.—The Special Branch of Calcutta police searched on Friday morning a house in Ezra Street and arrested Pratul Mukherjee, member of the Calcutta Excise Staff. The Oxford Mission Hostel in Cornwallis Street was also raided and Ashita Bhattacharyya, a student, was arrested. Both the arrested belong to Dacca District. The arrests are believed to have been made under the Bengal Ordinance.—A. P.

Madras.—Mr. Muthuranga Mudaliar, Mrs. Cousins and four others have issued an appeal through the press announcing that the Gujerati Mandal, Marwaris and Multanese of the city have resolved not to celebrate Deepavali this year in the usual way, in response to Rajagopalachariar's appeal and the money saved will be utilised for some national work. They appeal to the public to follow this example.—A. P.

Six Nagpur volunteers and six from Ramtek were arrested on Thursday under picketing ordinance.

Death has occurred of Mr. Alexander Munro MacRobert, Member of the House of Commons.—Reuter.

His Majesty the King has approved of the appointment of Mr Gilbert Stone as a Judge of the Madras High Court.

TODDY TREE CUTTING IN KARNATAK

—:o:—

Satyagraha Activities.

DHARWAR, Oct. 11.

News comes from Murgod in Belgaum district of a wide and organised programme of cutting toddy trees at present supplying toddy. On the 22nd of October about a thousand people from neighbouring villages gathered at Murgod with the day's meal and axes. About a thousand trees were felled within a few hours besides the breaking of many toddy pots hung for receiving toddy. About 150 police with the D.S.P., A.S.P., Sub-divisional Magistrate and other officers arrived on the scene in 14 motor lorries and blocked the Satyagrahis' way who were returning; 35 Satyagrahis way who were returning; 35 Satyagrahis surrended singing national songs; others chose to be arrested at home.

Next day the same programme was repeated under the very nose of the Magistrate. Police have arrested 56 prominent people till now and their trials are pending. The Sub-Inspector forced Iravva a lady who always carries a national flag before the procession and Basavantappa an old man to go to the police station; but had to let them off on account of demonstrations by the people. The Sub-divisional Magistrated invited the local leaders for a peace move, but that having failed he arrested five of them. Special police have been stationed at Murgod.

PRISONERS TIED WITH ROPE.

The Mamlatdar of Siddapur Taluka arrested one Sjt. Venkatasubbaya Kegada, a Brahmin leader of that place on 3rd. September. But his trial has not come off though it is now a month, and a half. Many batches of people have been arrested after Mr. Hegada and their trials were also finished. But Mr. Hegade's trial is yet to take place. The under-trials at Sirsi are being supplied with food from a hotel. All of a sudden, the police prohibited food being brought to them and insisted on tying a rope around their waists when they took them to the hotel. The prisoners refusing to submit to this sort of treatment, they are kept hungry till late at night. People are angry at this harassment.

GADAG SWADESHI EXHIBITION.

Preparations for holding an All-India Swadeshi Exhibition during X'mas holidays at Gadag are progressing very briskly. A meeting of merchants was held for the purpose. Enthusiastic and influential people have enlisted their services. Municipal and Local board-authorities have also promised help.

NEW SATYAGRAHA CAMP AT RANPUR

—:o:—

Volunteers Beg Food, But Never To Yield

(From A Correspondent.)

DHANDUKA, Oct. 16.

On the event of the attachment of the old Satyagraha Camp in Ranpur, another one has been opened just on the River Bank. The volunteers are at present camping in an open Chhapri and signboards have been hung thereon.

The volunteers are living their daily life without any disorganisation. They do not cook their food but go beg and for food from house to house, in "Madhukari" and decline to accept any individual invitations. Picketing continue as usual.

The Taluka Police Authorities have started collecting fines in Barwala. It will be remembered that seven members of the Barwala Mahajan were convicted by Mr. Isani.

With undisguised enjoyment Ranpur heard the news that the High Court has quashed the conditions of both the Ranpur Enquiry Committees.

Among the persons thus to be released are Sjt. Trikamlal M. Shah, Ex-Registrar, Gujrat Vidyapith, Sjt. Ishwarlal K. Vyas, President, Dhandhuka Taluka Local Board, Sjt. T. M. Dosti, and Shrimati Savita Behn Trivedi, President, Dhandhuka Taluka Ladies Conference.

Picketing on crackers has been started by the local Vanar Senas of the Talukas and villages. There is practically no sale of liquor on this side. It is expected that the cloth merchants will renew their pledge of not selling any foreign cloth. The present undertaking expires within a week.

PATNA CITY MUNICIPALITY

—:o:—

Threat Of Supersession For "Maladministration."

—:o:—

PATNA, Oct. 17.

It is reported that the Patna City Municipality has been served with a notice to show cause why it should not be superseeded for mal-administration.—A. P.

AMONG THE FLOOD STRICKEN AND THE LOOTED

—:o:—

Ramakrishna Mission's Relief

URGENT NEED OF FUNDS

(Through the RAMKRISHNA MISSION.)

SHIKARPUR, Oct. 13.

The following is a summary statement of relief given by the Ramakrishna Mission among the flood-stricken and looted people of Larkhana and Sukkar districts, from its 5 centres of distribution, during the two weeks ending the 4th and the 11th October, 30:

189 Mds. 18 Srs. 8 chs. of foodgrains; 1008 pieces of cloth; 1482 pieces of cloth; Rs. 87-11-6 in cash, and 1341 Mds. 28 Srs. of fod- (for 349 cattle) given to 1630 recipients in 679 families of 72 villages.

Besides this, relief previously distributed comes to 547 Mds. 33 Srs. 8 chs. of food grains; 2384 pieces of cloth; Rs. 87/11/6p. in cash, and 1341 Mrs. 28 Srs. of fodder, in all.

Cloth has been given according to the following specification a piece: 1 Dhoti and 1 shirt for a man; 1 Peshgir, 1 Kamij and 1 Rawa for a woman; 1 Kamij and Banian for a child.

Utensils have been given as follows:—to families with more than one adults—1 Thali 1 Thala 1 Katowra 1 Dekchi 1 Chamcha and 1 Tawa (iron); to families with one adult only 1 Thali less from the set.

We have yet to give number of clothes and utensils to our already registered recipients. Fresh people from villages where we could not reach so far are also seeking our help from day to day. But our hands are tied down for want of funds. Response to our previous appeals for blankets in behalf of the looted people of Sukkur district has also so far been disappointing. We have no words to over-emphasise the urgency of these needs. Oh! how we wish that the generous public will sympathise with the unfortunate sufferers in their sore distress and contribute their mite to afford some relief to them.

We further inform the public that in the flood areas we are now discontinuing gratuitous distribution of foodgrains, since the people there are now finding work and can maintain themselves by their own labour. We now propose to help the extremely needy people with seeds for rubbi cultivation and in some cases to help them in repairing or reconstructing their damaged houses, as far as it may lie within our means.

Contributions to our funds may kindly be sent to any of the following: President, Ramakrishna Mission, Belur Math (Howrah); President, Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, Bombay; Ramakrishna Mission Relief Camp, Sanatan Dharm Sabha, Nebhanpur, Shikarpur (Sind).

Bombay Provincial Cooperative Institute

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The annual general meeting of the Provincial Co-operative Institute, Bombay, was held in the Bakehouse Lane, under the chairmanship of its President, Sir Chunilal V. Mehta.

Professor H. L. Kaji moved the adoption of the Report and accounts for the year 1929-30, the proposal being duly seconded was opened for discussion.

Mr. S. G. Warty, the Managing Editor of the Co-operative Quarterly conducted by the Central Education Board of the Institute in his speech strongly criticised the Executive Committee of the Institute and tried to make out that the Committee had utterly failed in the discharge of its duties. He moved an amendment that the Report be sent back and a Committee be appointed to go into the working and submit a fresh report.

The amendment was seconded by Mr. Vandekar and lost, when put to vote. The original motion for adoption of the Report and accounts was ultimately passed.

The important business of the meeting was the appointment of the Vice-President. There were 4 candidates for the presidentship, viz., Mr. S. G. Warty, Mr. G. P. Murdeshwar, Prof. H. L. Kaji and Prof. V. G. Kale.

With the consent of the members the Chairman declared the meeting as adjourned stating that the results of the voting would be announced in the Press.

CONGRATULATORY MEETING.

A public meeting will be held under the auspices of the Maturgi Residents' Association at Nacob Hall to-day (Monday) at 9 p.m. to congratulate Dr. M. B. Udgaonkar and Mr. Vithalrao Mr. Mehisheri on their recent conviction.

Mira Swadeshi Stores.

Opp. Popular Pharmacy, Lamington Road, Bombay.

Emporium of Swadeshi Cloth Manufactured by INDIAN MILLS (on the Congress List) to suit the taste and needs of MEDICOS, PLEADERS, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, COLLEGIANS and Others.

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Also Hand-woven Silk Border Saries available.

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PARSI FAMILY DISPUTE.

—:o:—

Old Man's Suit Against Daughter And Son-In-Law.

Mr. Justice Mirza at the High Court heard the suit filed by Maneckji Pestonji against his son-in-law, Rattanshah Edulji Chubb (first deft.), a solicitor of the High Court, his daughter Piroja and others for an account of certain monies alleged to have been given on trust to the first deft. by the plaintiff's wife on her death.

The plaintiff's case was as follows:—

One Awabai wife of the Plaintiff died on 30th January, 1923 leaving her husband, the Plaintiff, her daughter Piroja 2nd Defendant, her son-in-law 1st Defendant, and Freni Dara Cawasji her grand-daughter. Awabai possessed Rs. 24,000. In 1922 out of this she handed over to her son-in-law, the first defendant Rs. 7,000, on his three promissory notes and a writing whereby the 1st Defendant purported to charge a cash sum of Rs. 6,000 in favour of Messrs. Chubb and Gagrat, Solicitors, furniture fittings and fan, share in the firm of Chubb and Co., and his law books. She also handed over to the first defendant Rs. 7,000 to hold on trust for the benefit of her grand-daughter Freni, daughter of Dara Cawasji of Poona. The remaining sum of Rs. 10,000 was also handed over to the 1st defendant on trust to keep and maintain with him the Plaintiff and his sister, and to pay the debts of the deceased. The plaintiff filed this suit to take an account of the said sums of Rs. 7,000 and Rs. 10,000 and to secure the same for the benefit of the Plaintiff, the 2nd and 3rd defendants, and to order the first defendant to make a trust of Rs. 7,000 for the benefit of the said Freni.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

The Plaintiff took out a Notice of Motion on 13th October 1930 for an injunction to restrain the first defendant from ejecting the Plaintiff who is residing with the defendant and to continue to supply him and his sister with food which was stopped from 14th October 1930. In the affidavit made in support of Notice of Motion the Plaintiff alleged as follows:—

NO FOOD FOR PLAINTIFF.

On 30th September 1930 the first defendant has given him notice to vacate by 31st October 1930. On 11th October the Plaintiff served the writ of Summons on the defendants and on 13th October 1930 the Plaintiff's own daughter informed him that his food will be stopped from next day and so his food was stopped. The Defendant did so to coerce him to abandon this suit.

That the Plaintiff is an old man of 64 years of age and has no means of maintenance. The said Awabai and the Plaintiff had handed over all their fortune to the 1st defendant relying that their daughter and son-in-law would keep him decently during his lifetime.

As the Plaintiff has not prayed for interim reliefs in the Plaint, his present Notice of Motion is misconceived, and dismissed the same with costs.

Mr. Justice Mirza, who heard the application, expressed a view that the Plaintiff's daughter Piroja will persuade her husband and supply her old father with food.

THE CASE STANDS ADJOURNED.

Mr. N. H. Jhabvala instructed by Messrs. Phiroze B. Choksey and Co., appeared for the Plaintiff. Mr. P. B. Vachha instructed by Messrs. Chubb Gagrat and Ghuswalla appeared for the Defendants 1 and 2.

NO RIGHT TO FORFEIT

—:o:—

"Navjivan" Trustees Strong Protest.

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 16.

The following letter has been addressed to the Mamlatdar, North Daskroi Taluka, Ahmedabad District, by the Manager and Trustees of the 'Navjivan', in reply to the notice calling upon the Manager to pay land revenue for the land belonging to the Navjivan Trust.

The notice was in respect of Rs. 17-2-0 being the amount of land revenue including local fund and notice fee. The land is worth about Rs. 3000. The letter runs:—

"With reference to your notice dated the 5th August 1930 under section 153 of the Land Revenue Code, calling upon me to pay the sum of Rs. 17-2-0 in respect of survey Nos. 43 and 53/1 of the village Acher by 20th August 1930 and further threatening that the Collector intends to declare the above lands forfeited to Government I have to state as follows:—

1. The said lands are the property of a Public Trust styled the Navjivan Trust, whose object is to popularise peaceful means of attaining Swaraj for India by educating public opinion through cultured Gujarati knowing workers.

2. An institution with the above object can hardly be expected, at the present time, to voluntarily pay any taxes to the Government, which the whole of the country desires to replace at all cost by all non-violent, truthful and legitimate means. The responsibility of the Institution is very great and it will be failing in its duty if it were not to give the lead by practising non-payment of taxes that it has been preaching and advocating through its papers.

3. The Institution is prepared to face all the consequences of refusal to pay the taxes demanded. It is still necessary to point out that forfeiture of land is not only mode provided by the Land Revenue Code for recovering land revenue. There are other methods and though one can understand Government resorting to coercive methods for realising a tax, the fact that Government can resort to forfeiture of property worth about Rs. 3,000 for recovering a sum of Rs. 17-2-0 is enough to expose the thraldom of the inquitous land law enacted by an alien bureaucracy. It is therefore equally the duty of the Navjivan Trust, to serve the country by exposing the nature of the law imposed upon the peasantry of the land.

4. I am aware this notice of forfeiture is an instance exemplifying only a phase of the general policy of Government. In all humility I may be permitted to state that such forfeiture bases as it will be on a statute enacted without the free consent of the people to whom it is applied is illegal, besides being iniquitous. The Navjivan Trust will therefore treat it as such and continue to remain owner of the land inspite of any declaration of forfeiture.

EX-VICEROY'S VISIT TO INDIA.

—:o:—

Lord Hardinge Visiting Benares

BENARES, Oct. 15.

It is understood that Lord Hardinge is coming out to India this winter. His Lordship is expected to be in Benares on the 2nd of January as the guest of His Highness the Maharaja of Benares at the Nedear House. It is stated that one of the principal objects of his visit to India is to see for himself the progress and advance made by the Benares Hindu University, the foundation of which he laid on the 4th of February, 1916.

Lord Hardinge when laying the foundation stone said: "This foundation-stone will mark a definite step in the advance towards an ideal that has stirred to very depths the imagination of India."

Concluding His Lordship uttered the following pious wish:

"Le it be our prayer that this stone may contain within it the germs of all that is good and beautiful and wise for the enrichment of the educational system of India the enlightenment and happiness of her people and the glory of God.

It is a matter of extreme regret that His Lordship will not be able to see at the University his old friends, the Maharajadhiraja of Darbhanga of Dr. Sir Sundarlal, both of whom have since been removed from the scenes of their activity by the cruel hand of death. But this wide gap would have been filled up by his equally esteemed and affectionate friend Pandit Malaviyaji, had he not been detained in jail.

SATYAGRAHA IN THE PUNJAB.

—:o:—

5,858 Jailed So Far

5,858 persons have so far been arrested in the Punjab Province in connection with the C. D. movement.

The following table shows the number of arrests in different districts and prominent cities like Lahore and Amritsar: Lahore, 1184; Amritsar 894; Gujranwala 460; Sheikhupura 342; Lyalpur 341; Ludiana 320; Ferozepur 269; Jullunder 232; Rohtak 184; Montegomery 177, Sialkot, 168; Jhelum 153; Simla 134; Hisar 126; Hoshiarpur 125; Multan 123; Ambala 118; Rawapindi 116; Gurdasour 99; Sargodha 97; Kangra 40; Zang 38, Gujrat 21; Cambelpur 20; Mianwalli 20; Karnal 15; Muzaffargarh 14; Zend State 14; Deragazikhan 12 and Kapurthala 1. Total 5,858.

528 of these were arrested between September 12 and September 12.

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COMMERCE IN THE PHILIPPINES AT A GLANCE.

HOW THEIR NATURAL RESOURCES ARE BEING TAPPED.

(By JAMES VAN SBYKE.)

India and the Philippines have some things in common and the following will give an idea of the commercial situation in the Islands.

Modern business expands. Big American interests just as big foreign interests scan the horizon for new worlds to conquer and go Alexander the Great one better by making it a bloodless affair-usually. For thirty years Uncle Sam's ever watchful American Eagle has watched over the Philippines. To-day as never before American capital wants to get a foothold in the Islands. American business men come to establish better relations with the Filipinos and also to see if "something cannot be done" about making it a safe investment for large American corporations to enter. In important business conferences such as large oil companies and rubber concerns plus others there is no doubt that the answer pops up regularly, "There is the Archipelago". And this follows the question, "Where shall we go next?"

SCRAPPY NEWS.

To the average American the Islands mean little and are known about less. Yet Uncle Sam has no wealthier territorial possession. Information regarding the Philippines has been scrappy. The majority of stories—in the vast majority of cases—been confined to geographies and occasional press reports stating that President Manuel Quezon or Senator Sergio Osmena or other native leaders "favor" this and that proposed by the Americans. Sometimes a volcanic eruption attracts attention or a local boxer makes good, such as the late Pancho Villa, one time Flyweight Champion of the world. But what is the real Philippines situation as it is now—to-day? No. 1903 school text book or even 1914 geography will actually reveal it. Statistics from sources in the States give an inkling but after all-how much of a one? Big corporations have found it very necessary to send investigators to the Islands. Under the shade of coconut and palm trees in the cool lobbies of the hotel they listen to Manila cans with interests investigators go there. Some —take a brief trip to the provinces return—not much the wiser.

A RECENT INQUIRY.

Some very interesting facts about the Archipelago to-day have recently been brought to light after personal investigations through the southern provinces such as those in the Visayas group and up North in Tayabas. Manila has not been neglected but not overestimated or judged as the Philippines. Virtually all large cities have been visited and trips in native bancas (boats) half foot in width have been taken; also journeys by kabayo (small pony) have been gone through. The Moros, of Mindinao, the Negritis and the Igorrots who are not as accustomed to civilization as the Tagalogs and Visayans and others are have been met. To this inquirer the government authorities from the Governor-General on down to the Insular executive—from the President of the Senate on down to humbler people have given various opinions. So have the big and small business men; both American, native, Chinese and Japanese. Late figures of the Insular government and of Malacanang Palace have been duly noted. Latest reports by senatorial committees and others who should know have been recorded. All this to make it a simple matter for one interested in the Islands to grasp in a brief reading the situations in the Islands to-day. The standpoint of the newspaper reader has always been considered paramount in this preparation which has taken a considerable period of time to prepare.

DEMAND FOR INDEPENDENCE.

A vast majority of the Filipinos want Independence. Virtually every successful political candidate since the American occupation of the Islands has taken an Independence plank in his platform and won. No local newspaper editor recalls a single exception. Those candidates who have run on co-operative platforms or modifications have been defeated regularly. No matter what their previous standings may have been. Significantly this speaks for itself.

LAND LEASES.

Recent Land Laws and other proposed bills which have come before the Philippines' Congress have, on occasion, been misreported in the United States. Simply theoretical revision of Land Laws is not construed to pave the way for any American capital. Leases are limited, under the proposed land for 36 years in Mindinao, which has splendid soil for this purpose. That, claim the Filipino leaders, is opening the way. Correspondents rush to the cable office with the news: "Foreign Capital Can Now Enter Islands. Filipino Leaders Laud Coming of American Millions." The lease mainly states "36 years". Some may be for 50 years or 99 years. Some less. The arrangement is this. And IT IS IMPORTANT. THAT after the expiration of this period of years, when the companies will have converted tropical undergrowth into productivity and have factories, not only for rubber, but lumber and other raw products, going full blast, they leave it all to the Filipinos and leave. That is the true situation. All they make during the term of years the lease runs is theirs. very small, comparative rent is charged.

AGITATION FOR REVISION.

The Filipinos expend not one centavo to clear the land and get things going. It is a good thing for the natives but American capital may not or may like the idea. However, the idea of the proposal to revise the present Land Laws amounts to nothing more or less.

"Senor we know American capital will do our country much good. We shall rent to American companies our land for a certain number of years. The rental will be small. They can keep what they make during that time. After that-it is turned over to us." The leads spoke a Filipino business man tors, representatives and Senators, native journals have editors of thing to this correspondent. told the same stantially they said this same thing word for word.

UNIQUE POSITION.

That the Philippines hold wealth of untold millions of dollars, nay billions is true. Besides within a circular radius of 3,500 miles from the Islands nearly 800,000,000 people about half the world's population, live. The distance is about that from Manila to Bombay. In the distance from Manila to Yokohama, or a radius of about 1,700 miles, there are estimated fully 126,000,000 people. The city of Manila, capital and largest in the archipelago, is not considered by shipping men to be a prime centre for as a transhipping point for all Far Eastern Countries. But the commanding position of Manila in regard to other parts such as North Australia, Australasia, French East Indies and Southern China was acknowledged by every shipping agent interviewed in Manila on this topic. While a geography reveals that there are 7,083 Islands in the Philippines resting "to the southeast of the continent of Asia and situated between 5 degrees and 22 degrees North Latitude and 117 degrees and 127 degrees East Latitude", there is nothing said of the present 200 ports of call here. The same geography gives the facts that there are 114,400 square miles comprising the total area but discloses nothing about the fact that the Isands have one of the foremost piers in the Pacific. Built at a cost of about P7,000,000 Pier Seven is 240 feet wide and 1,400 feet long and will accommodate four of the largest type ships afloat at one time. It is made entirely of steel and reinforced concrete and has an mammoth warehouse besides every modern facility in the world. There are 3 other fairly good piers; one of these is reserved for the United States Army and Navy. The smaller ports are Cebu, Iloilo, Zamboanga, Jolo and Balabac; they all have direct connection with foreign ports. A number of American vessels besides foreign ships call directly at Cebu and Iloilo without going to Manila, Casigura, which few geographies recognize, is an open port and American oil concerns send ships clear from New York to get copra there. This correspondent has personally visited most of the above places and sites.

VAST UNCULTIVATED TERRITORY.

Pre-eminently the Philippines is an agricultural country. But only 12.5 per cent of the soil under cultivation. In all 3,700,000 hectares. This is the hard job of keeping Filipino "down on This is almost as being experienced geography part of tion h[ere] abo[ut]

FOREST WEALTH.

Roughly estimated by a report recently submitted to the "Lumber Committee" of the House of Representatives, the commercial timber of the Islands holds millions of potential dollars. There are 19,435,690 hectares of forest lands here. About 16,120,000 of this number are commercial forests, the report says. Nothing is said about "Philippines' mahogony" a test case about which was recently called to the attention of the United States Supreme Court. A ruling was handed down by the justices which will prevent American lumber men from using this name, even if the lumber is secured here. This correspondent having had occasion to remain for over twenty days on a Japanese lumber boat knows that the Japanese and Chinese have the greater amount of timber land in the Island. Furthermore, what is called "Philippines' mahogany" is in reality nothing more than a grade of red lauan cut here and then sent to Japan for re-exportation back to the Islands and then to foreign countries. Some of it is in the form of cut and dried lumber and some in the form of manufactured products such as chairs. In Japan a lot of it is now taking the place of bamboo. The Japanese run regular freight boats here and tour the North and South of the Islands where their lumber concessions are located. Few know it but actual railroads are run in some camps. Thus a larger part of the lumber of the Philippines is being scooped up by the Japanese and Chinese lumber concerns. Ruthlessly the timber is cut and efficiently and quickly hauled to the shore, thence floated out to the freight boats; often motor launches are used to tow the lumber. Modern winches are used to pack the lumber in the ship's holds. Strange is the sight to see sturdy Jap vessels steaming merrily away with white lauan, red lauan, yellow lauan, pine and other woods. Especially peculiar is the sight when one notes that the lumber is piled nearly as high as the bridge both fore and aft. This correspondence sailed out on a cargo empty Jap lumber boat and remained and watched operation until the vessel sailed for Formosa and then Yokohama. Another statistical report reveals that lumber exports to the U. S. from the Islands have increased and imports of this product decreased in the past year.

Mr. Mehisheri's Allegations And Official Explanation

—:o:—

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

"In a report of the proceedings of the Bombay Municipal Corporation meeting held on Monday last which appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle," date the 14th October, Mr. B. N. Mehisheri is stated to have said that during the twelve days he spent in Arthur Road Jail he lost five pounds in weight and that the food supplied to the prisoners was so bad that it was unfit even for animal consumption, and also that the sanitary arrangements were deplorable, the latrines in the Jail being in such a filthy condition that he had to request the Superintendent to make use of phenyle.

Against the allegations made by Mr. Mehisheri regarding his loss of weight we have the weight chart recorded in his History Ticket maintained during his in jail. The chart shows admission to jail on the last he weighed 109 transfer from Na[sik] Jail to Arthur September h[e] that on h[is] this m[orn]ing

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Chronic and incurable diseases are challenged to be treated without operation. Consumption, cough, phthisis, piles, stomachache, eye and venereal diseases are a speciality.

I cure all FEMALE complaints by MEDICINES only and also eradicate all their complicated diseases WITHOUT OPERATION.

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One trial will prove the whole statement.

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POONA DAY BY DAY.

MAHARASHTRA ARTISTS IN CONFERENCE.

From Our Own Correspondent.)
POONA, October 16.

For the first time on this side f India, the artists in Maharashtra held the first conference of their own in the N. M. Vidyalaya Assembly Hall on Tuesday and Wednesday last. The Hall was beautifully decorated, and a large number of distinguished ladies and gentlemen were present. Sardar G. N. Mujumdar was the Chairman of the Reception Committee. After the welcome song, e delivered his speech urging ie necessity of organising Mahashtra artists. The Artists' andal, recently started, was a ood addition to the Poona Institutions. Maharashtra has had special art of its own and references in Sanskrit literature w not wanting to prove the fact.

PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS.

The Chief of Aundh read out his learned speech. He pointed how Maharashtra rulers were indifferent to this side of life and how Persian artists came to India with Mogul Emperors. He referred to many Mahomedan buildings nd paintings and described their harm and significance. He gave ut ten tests to examine a picture, uch as outline, expression, intenion and so on. He proceeds to describe the present position of art in Maharashtra and briefly touched upon the subject of Cinema films, picture galleries, art exhibitions and other matters now developing in Maharashtra. He advised the artists not only to fill their pocket but to evolve a fine national ideal in art of Mahar a with a view to making it more len considerably.

and more socially useful and elevating.

MR. GADGIL RELEASED.

Mr. N. V. Gadgil, President of the Poona Youth League, has been released from Thana jail. He came to Poona on Wednesday evening.

After his release from the Yeravda Prison, Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas was interviewed at the Railway station by Press-representatives. He said that Mahatma Gandhi was not allowed to be interviewed even by his non-political friends.

Mr. Ganesh Shastri Joshi, Secretary of the City Congress Committee, who was released described jail-life in his interviews with press-men. He was much troubled for the first month. He was given the work of rope-making, bobbin-making and tin-pot making.

Sunday evening saw a fine wrestling match between two noted wrestlers in the Kirloskar Theatre. The prize was divided between Parashram Jarande and Babu Havaldar.

The Bombay War Council consisting of Mr. Virchand Shah has been brought down to the Yeravda Jail.

A public meeting was held on the Reay Market grounds on Wednesday under the Presidentship of Mr. K. G. Pashankar to congratulate Messrs. V. R. Shinde and Ganesh Shastri Joshi.

Mr. D. V. Gokhale was interviewed by his friends in Thana Jail. He is described to have fallen in health.

WHAT IS INDIA ?

—:o:—

Her Glorious Past And Her Glorious Future

Dr. J. T. Sunderland writes in "India" Number of "Unity":—

Is it a nation of barbarians, or semi-barbarians, as many seem to think? Is it a nation of little importance? Has it ever been anything or done anything of interest to mankind?

India is the oldest nation in the world, going back for its rigin more than three thousands ears, and having a continuous istory down to the present time.

With the exception of China,—ndia is the largest nation in the world. In other words, it has a population equal to that of all Europe outside of Russia, and considerably in excess of that of North and South America combined.

India is a highly civilised nation—a nation which developed a rich culture much earlier than any nation of Europe, and has never lost it.

India was the first and only nation that proved too powerful for Alexander the Great. It was India that stopped his advance and compelled him to turn back in his career of world conquest.

India was the richest nation in the world until conquered and robbed of her wealth by Great Britain.

India is a nation a large part of whose people are Aryans in blood, that is, belong to the same great race as the Greeks, Romans, Germans, English and ourselves.

India gave to the world two t of six of its greatest historic ligions.

Of the six greatest epic poems the world India produced two.

India gave to mankind its Shakespeare of the Orient—Kalidas author of The Lost Ring and other Great Dramas.

India contributed enormously to the origin and advancement of civilisation by giving to the world its immencely important decimal System, or so called "Arabic Notation", which is the foundation of modern mathematics and uch modern science.

India early created the beginings of nearly all of the sciences, some of which she carried forward to remarkable degrees of development, thus leading the world. To-day, notwithstanding her subject condition, she possesses scientists of eminence.

India has created and to-day possesses architecture equal to the finest produced by Greece—as witness the Pearl Mosque, the Kutab Minar and the Royal Palace of Delhi, and the Taj Mahal of Agra.

SPIRITUAL TEACHER OF INDIA.

If you may credit the judgment of Mr. H. G. Wells, India has given the world two of its six greatest men of all time Buddha and Emperor Ashok the Great. If we may trust the judgment widely held in America and Europe, the two most eminent men in the world to-day, the two men most widely known and honoured among all civilised nations at the present time, are sons of India, namely, Rabindranath Tagore and "Mahatma" Gandhi.

India has produced great literature, great arts, great philosophical systems, great religions, and great men in every department of life-rulers, statesmen, financiers, scholars, poets, generals, colonisers, shipbuilders, skilled artisans, and craftsmen of every kind, agriculturists, industrial organisers and leaders in far reaching trade and commerce by land and sea.

For 2,500 years India was preeminently the intellectual and spiritual teacher of Asia, which means of half the human race.

For 2,500 years before the British came on the scene and deprived her of her freedom, India was self-ruling and one of the most renowned nations of the world.

Should such a nation be held in bondage? Has not such a nation a right to liberty, to self-govrenment, and to a place once more, such she occupied so long, among the great nations of mankind?

PRESS ORDINANCE TO GO?

—:o:—

Legal Pandits In A Cul-de-sac

The Simla Correspondent of the "Hindustan Times" wires:—

SIMLA, October 15.

It is now definitely understood that the Press Ordinance, which will expire in the last week of this month will not be revived. The legal and constitutional obstacles in the way of giving a further lease of life to the Ordinance have stood in the way. The legal and other pandits of the Government of India who were set to find a way out of the difficulty found themselves in a "cul-de-sac" and a prompt reference was made to Whitehall to see if British constitutional authorites who have more than once come to the rescue of Government could suggest a solution. After great efforts of the part of the bureaucracy to get opinion in its favour, Whitehall seems to have expressed itself clearly against a re-enactment of the Ordinance which will thus expire by efflux of time.

It will of course be open to the executive to achieve by means of a Bill what they endeavoured to achieve, by an Ordinance. And with the Assembly as at present constituted, it may not be very difficult to get such a Bill passed into law. But that can only be when the Assembly meets in session early next year. This great delay in arming the executive with powers to suppress public opinion, it is hardly neessary to state, will be very much against the wishes of the "strong men" in the Central Government; but so far as Lord Irwin is concerned, he will heave a sigh of relief that Government by Ordinances, of which he had been but an unwilling participant, will come to an end.

The Indian Press likewise will feel considerable relief that the incubus which has been weighing on them these many months and put them to not a little loss in many directions will at last be removed.

PROGRESS OF YARAVDA REFORMATORY SCHOOL

—:o:—

New Boys Receive Training There

In the course of his report at the annual prize-distribution of the annual P. School, Yerawda, the Reformatory Kazi, the Mr. Badiuzzaman Superintendent, stated:—

The Yeravda Reformatory School was opened on 17th June, 1888, under the Bombay Jail Department with 46 juveniles transferred from the Central Jail to the School. From the year 1900 the Reformatory was transferred from the orders of Government, control of the Inspector-General of Prisons to that of the Director of Public Instruction and Mr. N. M. Pajnigar was appointed Superintendent. The total number of juveniles under Mr. Pajnigar rose to about 138 and when Mr. Pajnigar retired from service in the year 1914, Mr. M. G. Dubal succeeded him as Superintendent. Mr. Dubal retired from 1921 and I have been in charge of this institution from November, 1921.

At present there is accommodation for about 200 juveniles and our number is almost full as there are 197 boys in the school to-day while three boys are on license. I may mention in passing that several guardians applied to me for the admission of their wards into this school, but I could not admit them under the rules. The question of increasing the accommodation of the school is under consideration in order to enable me to admit more juveniles that are likely to be sent to this school in consequence of the certification of this school under the Bombay Children Act. The trades at present taught in the school are carpentry, smith's work, painting, tailoring, book-binding, gardening and agriculture, but it is found that one or two more trades could profitably be added to the existing trades in order to provide instruction to the increased number of boys and this question is also under the consideration of the Department. Literary education is given upto the Primary fifth standard in Marathi, Gujarati and Urdu. There are about 30 Sindhi boys in the school and all these boys are at present placed in the Urdu class.

EXAMINATIONS.

The annual inspection of the Literary classes are held regularly every year by an Inspecting Officer of the Educational Department, while the examination of the Industrial classes is held by the Committee of Direction for Technical Education, Bombay. The examination of the Industrial classes of this school was started from the year 1928 and boys are regularly presented every year for examination in carpentry, smithying and tailoring. Similarly boys are presented for the Elementary and Intermediate Grades Examinations in Drawing every year, the Drawing examinations being held for pupils of this school from the year 1926. Visual instruction is also duly attended to and with the aid of slides on geographical, historical and other interesting topics, my Deputy and I give a number of lectures to the boys.

Special attention is paid to school games and sports. Now that sufficient play-ground is available, all the boys of the school play their games regularly every evening. Constant efforts are made to create an 'esprit-de-corps' and I am glad to report that our efforts prove successful. Boys who come to this institution under unfavourable circumstances gain self-respect, health and are imbued with a desire to go out into the world as useful citizens.

AFTER-CAREER.

The question of the after-career of boys discharged from this school is an important one and I am glad to report that this question is now receiving more attention than it did in the past. An improved mode of discharge has been adopted from the last year, e.g., the parent or guardian of the boy to be discharged is invited to the school to take charge of his ward, all the travelling expenditure being paid by Government. If the guardian is unable to come here, the boy is sent home in charge of a school peon, so that it is seen that a discharged boy goes home direct after his discharge from the school. Released Prisoners' Aid Societies (where they exist) and Administrative Officers of local bodies kindly furnish me with periodical reports on the conduct, occupation, etc., of discharged boys who may be living in their jurisdiction. The boys themselves often write to me for advice and help, and efforts are made to find employment for them so that they may not revert to their old ways.

Rugby.—Contracts were signed on Friday for construction by Cleveland Engineering Company Limited of bridge across the Zambesi and some 25 miles railway on the south bank of river to connect existing lines, trans-Zambesi Railway and Central Africa Railway. The total contract price is £1,434,000, and the work is expected to take at least three years to complete.—B. O. W.

HELP

YAMUNABAI NAIR CHARITABLE HOSPITAL

FUNDS BADLY NEEDED—PLEASE HELP.

SUPPORTED BY VOLUNTARY SUBSCRIPTIONS.

This Hospital gives entirely free Medical, Surgical, Gynæcological, Maternity and Dental aid to poor sufferers of all communities. The Hospital is a complete unit in itself. A large number of in-door and out-door patients treated daily.

PLEASE PAY A VISIT AND SATISFY YOURSELF.

All Contributions Should be Addressed to the SECRETARY, Bai Yamunabai Nair Charitable Hospital, Lamington Road North, Bombay No. 8.

Saberkantha Boarding House,
MUMBADEVI, BOMBAY, 2.

Notice of Removal
Dr. Nariman F. Vaid, D. D. S.
has removed his Dental Office from Apollo Bunder, No. 267, Hornby Road (Opp. Navsari Building).
The Surgery is now equipped with X RAY apparatus so as to add Radiography to the practice of General Dentistry. 15-10-30

SPECIAL CORKS
for Boot Cream Bottles, Ink Pots and other articles and Pots for Ointments etc. are now made in India, and known
TOPALL PACKING MATERIALS
GANN BROTHERS,
Topall Works, Lucknow.

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Incorporated Certified Accountants
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The fastest non-fog plate in India.
Brilliant .. .. H & D 300
Splendid gradation, great latitude.
Instantaneous .. H & D 200
Moderate speed, thickly coated, free from fog.

Sole Distributors for India and Burma :—
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Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon.

Guard Your THROAT Against DISEASE

MORE diseases start in the throat than is ever realised! The germs of colds and influenza of tonsilitis, diphtheria, pneumonia and lung trouble all make for your throat—the part most exposed to attack.

Don't neglect any suspicion of germ mischief in your throat! Take Peps infection-killing tablets at the least sign of hoarseness, pain, inflammation, or soreness.

When dissolved in the mouth, Peps give off certain soothing and agreeable-antiseptic fumes which give all recesses, membranes, and tissues of the throat a softening yet invigorating germ-killing bath. Thus, Peps quickly end pain or irritation, heal soreness and inflammation in the delicate air-tubes, and benefit the whole bronchial system.

PEPS in the month protect against infection from dusty germ-laden air. They are invaluable for coughs, colds, night chills, laryngitis, bronchitis, influenza, catarrh, asthma, and hay weakness. Peps are sold in handy sealed bottles at all medicine dealers. Price 2s 6d.

PEPS
INFECTION-KILLING TABLETS

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILINGS to FLY-MOUTH and LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES (CALLING AT MALTA EVERY ALTERNATE WEEK.)

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.
Oct.		
18th	MALWA*	11,009
Nov.		
1st	RAJPUTANA ?	10,644
8th	NALDERA x	16,038
15th	RANPURA	16,601
22nd	MACEDONIA ?	11,120
29th	MANTUA	10,946
Dec.		
6th	NARKUNDA ?	16,572
13th	VICEROY OF INDIA	19,648
20th	RAWALPINDI x	16,697
27th	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518
1931.		
Jan.		
3rd	MOOLTAN x	20,952
10th	RAJPUTANA	10,644
17th	RANCHI *	16,550
24th	RANPURA	16,601
31st	MALOJA ?	20,837
Feb.		
7th	MANTUA	10,946
14th	COMORIN *	15,279
21st	VICEROY OF INDIA	19,548
28th	NALDERA x	16,080
Mar.		
7th	KAISAR-I-HIND ⊙	11,518
14th	MACEDONIA †	11,120
21st	RANPURA ⊙	16,601
28th	NARKUNDA x	16,572
Apl.		
4th	RANCHI ⊙	16,550
9th	MOLDAVIA ?	16,566
11th	MACEDONIA †	11,120
18th	Viceroy of India ⊙	19,648
25th	MOOLTAN x	20,952
May		
2nd	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,518
9th	CHITRAL x	15,248
16th	MACEDONIA	11,129
23rd	MALOJA x	20,837
30th	MALWA	11,009

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.
x Through from Australia.
* Through from China.
With limited accommodation for passengers from India.
? Extra steamer carrying 1st Saloon and 3rd Cabin passengers.
Y To Marseilles only.
⊙ These steamers will call at MONACO after leaving Marseilles Passengers can be booked to Monaco the fares being those in force between Bombay and Marseilles.

NEW REDUCED FARES FROM BOMBAY TO EUROPE.
TO LONDON.
1st Saloon.

	A	B	U	D
Single	£81	£85	£73	£63
Return	161	144	£89	108

2nd Saloon.

	A	B
Single	£66	£59
Return	£8	£8

TO MARSEILLES.
1st Saloon.

	A	B	U	D
Single	£84	£74	£66	£58
Return	147	130	118	103

2nd Saloon.

	A	B
Single	£53	£4
Return	£1	£1

NEW THIRD CLASS CABIN FARES TO EUROPE.

	Single	Return
London	£30	£52
Marseilles	£8	£5

Return tickets Bombay 3rd Cabin and out 1st or 2nd Saloon can be arranged.

OUTWARDS 1931.
The "MOLDAVIA", 16,643 tons, carrying first saloon and third cabin passengers leaves London 18th and Marseilles 20th March, due Bombay April 3rd.
The "Strathnaver", a new steamer of 21,100 tons will sail at Bombay on her Outward voyage in October next year carrying First Saloon and Third Cabin passengers.
BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS BOMBAY TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT PORT SUDAN, MALTA and/or TANGIER.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
Nov.		
30th	DUMANA ?	8,427
Dec.		
17th	DOMALA ?	8,433
1931.		
Mar.		
30th	DUMANA ?	8,427
Apl.		
13th	DOMALA	8,433

SHIPPING.

These two vessels are "one class" ships. Fares as follows:—
Bombay to Plymouth.

	A	M	O
Single	£64	£59	£54
Return	£112	£103	£94

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date about		
Oct.		
24	Rawalpindi*	Colombo, China and Japan.
24th	Rasmak	Colombo
Nov.		
7	Mooltan	Colombo and Australia.
15	Mirzapore*	Straits, China and Japan.
21	Ranchi	Colombo, China and Japan.
Dec.		
5	Maloja	Colombo and Australia.
12	Malwa	Colombo, China and Japan.
1931.		
Jan.		
2	Naldera	Colombo and Australia.
16	Malwa	Colombo, China and Japan
30	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia.
Feb.		
13	Rawalpindi	Colombo, China and Japan
27	Mooltan	Colombo and Australia.

*Cargo only
HOLIDAY EXCURSION TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.
Holiday Excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only. Period of availability 16 weeks, sailings approximately every month. Fares £74 to £100.
BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

Oct.		
18th 9 a.m.	Chakla	Karachi via Porebunder Dwarka and O'Mandvi
20th 10 a.m.	Vita	Karachi via Porebunder Cutch Mandvi and Port Okha.
22nd	Karagola	East and South Africa via P'Bunder
22nd	Baroda	K'chi & Persian Gulf Ports.
24th	Varela	Via Verawal & Mangrole K'chi, Bushire, Mohammerah & Basrah.
24th	Ellora	Mombasa

There will be sailings to Karachi on Wednesdays, Thurs.-Friday every week. The departure of the Karachi Gulf mail on Thursday or Friday is dependent upon the arrival of the inward English mail.
Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs.-Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex. the P. & O. Mail Steamers or through passengers to Basrah.
Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

Western India LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD. Bombay City.
PRE-EMINENT among INDIAN COMPANIES at the age of 32. Fourth Valuation at the end of 1929.
UNSURPASSED BONUS

Bonus per	1000 p. a.
W. Life	End
Rs. 22-1/2	Rs. 18

Strongest Reserves ! !
(1) Life Assurance Fund, Rs. 10,01,993.
(2) Total undivided Reserve Rs. 2,42,176.
RATIO of (2) to (1) 32 per cent.
NO OTHER COMPANY in INDIA can show EQUAL RESULTS.
For Agency and other particulars please apply.

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Telephone No. 22927.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K.
LINE
FOR COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.
FOR COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive	Leave
*Malacca Maru	5374	18 Oct.	27 Oct.
Hamma Maru @ xTango	10500	---	4 Nov.
Maru	6893	30 Oct.	13 Nov.
Kamo Maru	8000	---	@19Nov
*Tottori Maru	5973	15 (Nov.	27 Nov.
Katori Maru	10000	---	@2 Dec
*Yamagata Maru	3807	20 Nov.	2 Dec.
Iyo Maru.	5962	30 Nov.	14 Dec.
Kashima Maru	10000	---	@16Dec.
Yasukuni Maru	11000	---	@28Dec.
Penang Maru	5214	17 Dec.	29 Dec.

*Do not carry passengers.
x Calls at Colombo.
(a) From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles.
Hukone Maru	10500	29 Oct	15 Nov
SuwaMaru.	11000	13 Nov.	30 Nov.
Fushimi Maru	11000	27 Nov.	14 Dec.

FROM ORIENT TO SAN-FRANCISCO.

Steamers	Tons	From Hong-kong	From Kobe
Tatsuta Maru	22000	30 Oct	3 Nov
Asama Maru	23000	20 Nov.	26 Nov.
Chichibu Maru	22000	11 Dec.	17 Dec.

Others are Orient-Seattle South-American (East and West Coast) and Japan, Australia Services.
Reduced combined through fares.
Cheapest Round the World Tour rates and other fares, full particulars on which are furnished on application to:
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
'Phone Nos. 20279 and 22732.
Telegrams: "YUSEN."

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FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN.
1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.
For freights and other particulars apply to:—
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SHIPPING NEWS
Export & Import

ARRIVALS.
Oct. 18.
Malacca Maru, Uno, Kobe.
Vita, Betaugh, Karachi.
Varela, Ramsay, Busreh.

DEPARTURES.
Oct. 19.
Maur, Svensen, Bangkok.
City of Valencia, Erving, Liverpool.
Hatipara, Petterson, Calcutta.
Warfield, Steel, Karachi.
Alavi, Keir, Jeddah.
Nurjehan, Smith, Rangoon.

LOADING.
Oct. 18.
Steamer Rajputana for London.
Steamer Nawab for Rangoon.
Steamer Japan for Rangoon.
Steamer Jalveera for Rangoon.
Steamer Haldar for Karachi.
S S Malacca Maru:—The N Y K steamer Malacca Maru arrived in harbour on Saturday from Kobe with a general cargo.
S S Varela:—The B I S N Co's steamer Varela arrived in harbour on Saturday from Busreh with a general cargo and passengers.
S S Vita:—The B I S N Co's Karachi mail steamer Vita arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi with mail, a general cargo and passengers.
S S Maur:—The F F Campbell Co's steamer Maur sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Bangkok with a general cargo.
S S City of Valencia:—The K N Co's steamer City of Valencia sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Liverpool with a general cargo and passengers.
S S Hatipara:—The B I S N Co's steamer Hatipara sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Calcutta with a general cargo.
S S Warfield:—The M M and Co's steamer Warfield sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Karachi with a general cargo.
S S Alavi:—The T M Co's steamer Alavi sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Jeddah with a general cargo and passengers.
S S Nurjehan:—The T M Co's steamer Nurjehan sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Rangoon with a general cargo.

SATURDAY, October 18, 1930.
ALEXANDRA DOCK.
2 Rajputana, London, 1-11, M M and Co.
3 Britannia, Karachi, 22-10, Graham T. Co.
6 Warfield, Karachi, 19-10, M M & Co.
9 Clan Macintosh, Port Okha, 22-10, James Finlay and Co.
12 Aquileia, Genoa, 25-10, L T and M T.
15 Karagola Durban. 23-10 M M & Co.
VICTORIA DOCK.
1 Hamburg Maru, Kobe, 18-10, O S Kaisha
5 Alavi, Red Sea Ports, 19-10, T Morrison & Co.
8 Malacca Maru, Karachi, 28-10, N Y Kaisha.
9 Bahadur, Calcutta, 17-10, T. Morrison & Co.
10-11 Tanfield, Calcutta, 20-10, M M and Co.
PRINCE'S DOCK.
C R Hatipara Calcutta 19-10, M M & Co.
A Jalajyoti, Calcutta, 28-10, Scindia S N Co.
B Nurjehan, Rangoon, 19-10, T Morrison and Co.
Q Maur, Bangkok, 18-10, F F Camp Campbell and Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED.
FROM LONDON.
Rasmak, 23-10-30, P and O Co.
Rawalpindi, 24-10-30, P and O Co.
FROM PLYMOUTH.
Dumana 28-10-30 M M and Co
FROM LIVERPOOL.
Castalia 3-11-30 G T Co.
California, 10-11-30, G T Co.
City of Nagpur 20-10-30 K N Co.
Clan Macvicar, 28-10-30, J F Co.
C Alexandria, 30-10-30, K N Co.
FROM HAMBURG.
Hohenfels 20-10-30 L Edward Ltd.
Rabenfels, 29-10-30, L Edward Ltd.
FROM GENOA.
Sackaholmi, 24-10-30, T M and Co.
FROM TRIESTE.
Cracovia 25-10-30 L T Co.
FROM NEW YORK.
City of Auckland 27-10-30 F F Campbell and Co.
City of Venice 7-11-30 F F Campbell and Co.
FROM ROTTERDAM.
Texel 26-10-30 E D Sassoon and Co.
Sevenkerk 16-11-30 E D Sassoon and Co.
FROM HULL.
Ariasto, 29-10-30, J T and Co.
FROM CHINA AND JAPAN PORTS.
Tango Maru 30-10-30 N Y Kaisha
Mantua 26-9-30 P and O S N Co.
Mirzapore 12-11-30 P and O S N Co.
Havre Maru 25-9-30, O S Kaisha.
Bombay Maru 9-11-30, O S Kaisha.
Tottori Maru 15-11-30, N Y Kaisha.
Yamagata 20-11-30, N Y Kaisha.
FROM LURSAN.
Khandalla, 25-10-30, M M and Co.
Karapara, 8-11-30, M M and Co.

SAILING DATE OF STEAMERS FOR LONDON
FOR LONDON.
Rajputana 1-11-30, P and O S N Co.
FOR LIVERPOOL.
Britania, 26-10-30, T C.
FOR NEW YORK.
City of Dalhart N F L Edward Ltd
Mandalay N F L Edward Ltd.
FROR GENOA.
Aquileia, 25-10-30, M Italiana.
FOR MOMBASSA.
Ellora, NF, M M and Co.
FOR PERSIAN GULF.
Vaela, NF, M M and Co.
Baroda, NF, M M and Co.
FOR KOBE.
Alipore 18-10-30 P & O S N Co.
Malacca Maru N F N Y Kaisha.
FOR RANGOON.
Gurna N F M M & Co.
Nawab, NF, T M and Co.
Jalaveera, NF, S S N Co.
Japan, NF, L Edward Ltd.
FOR CALCUTTA.
Jalajoti 21-10-30 S S N Co.

STEAMERS FIXED.
FOR LONDON.
Rajputana, Carter, P and O S N Co.
FOR LIVERPOOL.
Britania 5,141 Alder G T Co.
FOR NEW YORK.
City of Dalhart 4365, Rose L Edward Ltd.
Mandalay 3,534 Walker L Edward Ltd.
FOR GENOA.
Aquileia, NF, M Italiana.
FOR CHINA AND JAPAN PORTS
Hamburg Maru 3158 Inraba O S Kaisha.
Alipore 3241 Dawson P & O S N Co.
Malacca Maru N Y Kaisha.
FOR PERSIAN GULF
Baroda, 1,877, Eadie, M M and Co.
Varela, 1,932, Ramsey, M M and Co.
FOR RANGOON.
Nawab, 5241, Palmer, T M and Co.
Jalaveera, 3089, Beatson, S S N Co.
Japan, 3262, Bergstrom, L Edward Ltd.
FOR DURBAN.
Karagola 3647 Oliver M M and Co.
FOR JEDDAH.
Alavi 2151 Keir T M & Co.
FOR BANGKOK.
Maur 649 Joenson, F F Campbell and Co.
FOR CALCUTTA
Jaljyoti 2698 Owens S S N Co.
Bahadur 3521, Teet, T M and Co.

GENERAL LANDING DATES.
Tanfield 17-10-30.
Chakla 17-10-30.
Irrawadi 17-10-30.

EXPORTS.
Oct. 18.
S S Britannia for Liverpool:—25 bales cotton raw B Karsondas and Co; 120 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 161 bales cotton thread waste M Narottamdas and Co; 27 bales cotton thread waste Chimanlal and Sons; 226 bales wool raw D Sassoon and Co; 158 bales wool raw M Nissim; 43 bales wool raw L Hassam; 25 bales wool raw M Esmail; 100 cwts linseed oil cakes 40 cwts groundnut oil cakes New Mofussil Co.
For Barcelona:—100 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo.
For Manchester:—195 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd; 126 bales cotton raw C and Thackersey Ltd; 50 bales cotton raw F F Campbell and Co.
S S Aquileia for Genoa:—55 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 330 bales cotton raw Anglo-Siam Corporation; 220 bales cotton raw Ital-India Cotton Co; 110 bales cotton raw A Abdulrehman and Co; 110 bales cotton raw H Nelsey and Co; 280 cwts castor seed Ralli Bros; 1500 cwts linseed Ital-India Cotton Co.
For Alexandretta:—23 bales cotton twist Phoenix Mills Ltd; 24 bales cotton twist Sassoon J David and Co.
For Tamagurta:—24 bales cotton yarn Sassoon J David and Co.
For Port Said:—78 bales cotton yarn A El. Ejil.
For Jaffa:—15 bales cotton yarn K P Asir.
S S Mandalay for Hamburg:—285 bales cotton raw K Devchand and Co.
For Ghent:—55 bales cotton rad O Suleman and Co.
For Antwerp:—3000 cwts linseed oil cakes H V Comerbhoy; 1060 cwts crushed bones B Ardeshir and Co.
S S Malacca Maru for Kobe:—600 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo and Co; 1000 bales cotton raw V Ladha and Co.
For Shanghai:—500 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd; 900 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha Ltd; 200 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.
For Moji:—50 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co.
For Osaka:—100 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co; 1200 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha Ltd; 400 bales cotton raw Bombay Co.
S S Hamburg Maru for Shanghai:—400 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.
For Kobe:—538 bales cotton raw M Amersey and Co.
S S Alipore for Kobe:—23 bales cotton raw A Khimji and Co.

IMPORTS.
Oct. 18.
S S Coldi Lana from Trieste, Agents L Triestino:—12 cases shoes 16 cases strings 203 cases H glass 191 cases news printing paper 10 cases chains 272 cases paper 36 bundles steel bars.
From Fiume:—12807 pieces deal wood boards.
From Spalato:—3050 bags cement 508 bundles cement sheets.
From Venice:—21 cases silk yarn.
From Brindisi:—1300 bags almonds 35 cases tartaric crystals.
From Smyrna:—98 bags currents.
From Patrasso:—50 bags cement.
S S Bankura from Busreh, Agents M M and Co:—4616 bags wheat 5571 bags dates 61 bags beans.
From Mohmerah:—671 bundles dates.
From Bushire:—145 bags gum 18 bags attari, 239 bags P seeds 81 bags raisin 95 bags assofoetida 22 bags almonds 265 bags almond kernels 31 bags pista 60 bags currents 50 cabage rose water.

GOLD.
London, Oct. 18
Bar Gold Fine per oz £4-4-11½

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES
London, Oct. 18
Interest day to day loans 1½ per cent
Interest 7 days' market loans 1 7/8 per cent
Banks Bills 3 months 2 3/32 per cent.
Bank Bills 6 months 2 5/16 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 3 months 3½ per cent
Fine Trade Bills 6 months 3 3/4 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, Oct. 18

T T London on Berlin	20.42 7/8
T T London on Amsterdam	12.06 7/8
T T London on Brussels	34.84
T T London on Madrid	43.52
T T London on Milan	92.81
T T London on Berne	25.02
T T London on Paris	123.88
T T London on Prague	163.77

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Oct. 18.
Cottonseed Bombay ton—
Dec-Jan quoted £5-2-6
Castorseed Bombay ton—
Oct-Nov sellers £13-2-6
Rapeseed Toria ton—
Oct-Nov sellers £11-7-6

LINSEED
London, Oct. 18.
Linseed Calcutta ton—
Oct-Nov sellers £14-7-6
Nov-Dec sellers £14-7-6
Linseed La Plata c i f ton—
Oct-Nov quoted £12-0-0
Linseed Bombay—
Oct-Nov sellers £15-2-6

LINSEED OIL
London, Oct. 18.
Linseed oil refined, cwtfi
Nov-Dec sellers 23/0
Jan-April sellers 23/1 1/2

LONDON RUBBER
London, Oct. 18.
Smoked Sheet, Standard Ribbed lb:—
Spot sellers d 4

WHEAT—BALTIC EXCHANGE.
London, Oct. 18
Rozario Santa Fe per 62½ lb cargoes—
Oct-Nov quoted 27
Barletta Russo per 61½ lb cargoes
Oct-Nov quoted 26/3
Wheat South Australian parcels.
Afloat sellers 29
Wheat Choice White Karachi parcels—
October sellers 28/6

USE
KATNI
Stoneware Pipes
and encourage an Industry which has Indian Capital, Indian Management and Indian Labour.
Katni Cement & Industrial Co., Ltd.
Laxmi Building, Ballard Estate, : : : BOMBAY.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Oct. 18.

December	10.31
January	10.43
December (New Contract)	10.32
January (New Contract)	10.43
March (New Contract)	10.68
May (New Contract)	10.88
July (New Contract)	11.08

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, Oct. 18.

October	10.11
January	10.45
Middling Spot	10.10

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, Oct. 18.
Day's receipts at all U S Ports 53,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain 23,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent 8,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, Oct. 18.

	Opening	Closing
October		5.51
November		5.52
December		5.59
January	5.63	5.66
February		5.70
March	5.75	5.77
April		5.81
May	5.84	5.86
June		5.89
July	5.93	5.95
August		5.98
September		6.00
October		6.03
Middling Spot		5.75

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.
Liverpool, Oct. 13.
Sales at Liverpool 6,000 x bales
Sales on Speculation 100 bales
Sales of East Indian Cotton nil
x These sales include 3,000 bales sold late yesterday.

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Oct. 13

Scinde Fully Good	3.45
Scinde Fine	3.70
Scinde Superfine	3.80
Bengal Good	3.20
Bengal Fully Good	3.45
Bengal Fine	3.70
Oomra Good	3.35
Oomra Fully Good	3.65
Oomra Fine	3.95
Broach Fully Good	4.05
Broach Fine	4.30
Broach Superfine	4.55

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Oct. 18

November	8.61
December	8.66
January	8.70
March	8.89
May	9.08
July	9.23
Sakellaridis F G F Spot	9.55

LONDON SILVER
London, Oct. 18
Silver market is quiet.
Spot 16 5/8
Forward 16 5/8

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET
London, Oct. 18.
Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standadd No. 25,
C & F Calcutta—
Nov-Dec per cwt 7/9
C & F Bombay—
Nov-Dec per cwt 7/10
C & F Karachi—
Nov-Dec per cwt 7/10

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET
New York, Oct. 18
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)—
Spot closed.

The great exhibition which was to be put open at Ahmedabad on Kartik sudi panchami has been postponed till Rosh month (i.e. for two months).
Rugby.—The strength of Government securities continues to be a marked feature on the stock exchange. On Thursday, four per cent consols rose nearly ten shillings to 89 7/8 compared with 32 11/16 a year ago, and the five per cent war loan reached a new record by rising over 105 compared with 101 15/16 a year ago. This means an aggregate rise of 12,640,000 pounds on 6,176 million pounds of the funded debt.—Reo. W.

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BOMBAY MONDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1930.

INDIA CAN ONLY BE SAVED BY FRIENDLY SETTLEMENT

—:o:—

Dominion Status Wanted By United India.

SAPRU CERTIFIES LORD IRWIN'S "SINCERITY AND HIGH SENSE OFHONOUR".

R. T. C. DELEGATES ON THEIR ASPIRATIONS.

LONDON, Oct. 18.

A number of delegates to the Round Table Conference including Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Dr. Moonje, Messrs. Mahomed Ali and Jayakar arrived to-day and were welcomed by the Private Secretary to the Secretary of State and Sir Geoffrey Corbett.

Other delegates who made the voyage by the "Viceroy of India", have broken journey in France. It is understood that immediately all Indian delegates arrive they will hold series of preliminary discussions in order to settle general policy.

There will be an informal gathering at the social Club at Chesterfield Gardens on October 19 for the Secretary of State meeting the delegates.

DOMINION STATUS MUST BE GIVEN.

Dr. Sapru, interviewed by Reuter, said "We have come with the intention of discussing with the Government in the most friendly way possible the Constitution we are anxious to give India. Bad as situation in India is, I think it can be saved and India improved by friendly settlement between England and India regarding the position India must occupy in future within British Commonwealth.

That position, as far as we are concerned, is that of self-governing Dominion within the Commonwealth. We wish to face differences only to solve them. It would be a pity if they are treated as insurmountable obstacles to the fruition of our aims.

WE MUST SETTLE OUR FATE.

Whatever the differences among ourselves, Indian opinion is absolutely united in thinking that the time has long since passed when India can be assumed to march to the Dominion Status through successive stages. We must have a constitution which settles our fate, subject to such safeguards or reservations and adjustments for the period of transition—which we do not envisage will be very long as the conditions of India require."

HE WANTS CANADIAN TYPE.

Dr. Sapru added: "We are anxious to attack main problems and not entangle ourselves in technical questions". Speaking for himself, he thought that the Canadian type of Dominion Status with a strong Central Government would best suit India.

Some people in India wanted a Constitution on Australian model but he was open to conviction and argument upon that question. Among members of the Round Table Conference whom he had met, the general trend was in favour of a Federal Constitution as opposed to unitary Constitution.

CERTIFICATE TO IRWIN.

Dr. Sapru was convinced that the differences in India would disappear immediately the future was assured. He expressed the opinion that Lord Irwin was one of best Viceroys of the past thirty years. Lord Irwin knew the Constitution much better than the politicians in England. While Dr. Sapru did not entirely adopt Lord Irwin's views, he believed thoroughly in Lord Irwin's sincerity and high sense of honour.

MOONJE ON FIGHTING FORCES.

Dr. Moonje, interviewed by Reuter, declared that Britain could retain the friendship of India only by the grant of equal Status. India did not want to quit the Empire unless Britain forced her out.

Referring to the Indianisation of Army, Dr. Moonje thought that there would be no difficulties as long as there were Rajputs and Sikhs and other fighting races of India. The difficulty was that there had been no arrangements for preliminary training or for post-school training.—Reuter.

WHEN GOVT. MODIFIES CONSTITUTION IT IS PEOPLE'S RIGHT TO REVOLT.

Egyptian Wafdists' Manifesto.

CAIRO, Oct. 18.

Following the issue by the Wafd leaders of an impassioned manifesto on October 16th, the Police last night raided the Wafd headquarters and seized copies of the manifesto. A member of the Wafdist Club was arrested on the charge of distributing the document. The Manifesto declared "When the Ministry modifies the electoral law of Constitution it will be the duty of every Egyptian to defend the Nation's rights against the Ministry's revolt and revenue including local fund and possessions so that the Nation may always have the last word and the Constitution may triumph."—Reuter.

AUSTRALIANS TO VISIT INDIA.

—:o:—

Two Years Hence

COLOMBO, Oct. 18.

Australians, all fit, arrived in Colombo to-day still tongue-tied and uncommunicative. Oldfield characterised as sheer nonsense the statement that Woodfull, Ponsford, Richardson and himself were retiring.

All were enthusiastic about the proposal made by "Ranji" to arrange for an Australian team to visit India two years hence. Kelly Manager of the team said nothing was wrong with English cricket. Young material was there and it should assert itself soon.—A. P.

Berlin Govt. To Ignore All No Confidence Motions.

—:o:—

LONDON, Oct. 19.

Berlin.—By 318 votes to 236, Reichstag has accepted Government's motion to ignore all no-confidence motions.—Reuters.

DARING DACOITY IN CALCUTTA.

—:o:—

Rs. 20,000 Robbed By 4 Bengali Youths.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 17.

An armed dacoity by four Bengali youths was committed this evening in the shop of Messrs. Manichand and Gokukchand, piecegoods merchants in Armenian Street, in the course of which an upcountry Durwan was killed and a constable and a dacoity were injured.

It is stated that while adjusting the day's cash, the cashier was held up at the point of a revolver and dagger by the robbers who seized Rs. 20.000. While making their exit from the shop, the dacoits were confronted by a Durwan whom they shot dead. A head constable who was on duty near by, gave fight to the dacoits. Three of them escaped and one was arrested with a dagger in his possession. Both the constable and the arrested robber have received injuries.—A. P.

NEXT VICEROY NOT APPOINTED YET.

—:o:—

Premier To Consult Indian Opinion.

LONDON, Oct. 19.

"Sunday Times" diplomatic correspondent learns that no appointment of next Viceroy of India will be announced until after conclusion of Round Table Conference. Mr. MacDonald will thus have opportunity during the Conference of consulting Indian opinion before selecting Lord Irwin's successor.—Reuter.

INDIA'S NEXT VICEROY

—:o:—

"Daily Herald's" Statement

LONDON, Oct. 18.

The 'Daily Herald" in a later edition, however, says that the suggestion that Sir Herbert Samuel will be chosen does not appear to be based on much more than hope in certain quarters.—Reuter.

SEQUAL TO CHANDERNAGORE RAIDS

—:o:—

French Governor-General To Visit

CHINSURAH, Oct. 16.

It is reported that the Governor-General of French Territories in India will soon pay a visit to Chandernagore in connection with the recent raid for the arrest of alleged revolutionaries. It is understood that the Minister for Colonies is expected shortly from Paris.—A. P.

I. STATES ECONOMIC RELATIONS COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

—:o:—

SIMLA, Oct. 18.

The Indian States Economic Relations Committee which was appointed to investigate matters arising out of the Butler and Simon Reports has drafted a report which will be signed shortly. The report will soon be forwarded to London for such use as the delegates to the R. T. Conference might like to make of it for discussions on the issues concerning the common interests and future economic and fiscal co-operation between British India and the Indian States.—A. P.

PROHIBITION IN WADHWAN.

WADHWAN CITY, Oct. 16.

The Wadhwan State authorities have totally prohibited the sale of the boiled tea since two years. Before few days, the citizens of Wadhwan City approached. The Thakore Sahib with a petition for the complete prohibition of the liquor sale and he was pleased to comply with the request of the people of this city.

KINGSFORD SMITH AT PORT DARWIN.

LONDON, Oct. 19.

Sydney.—Kingsford Smith landed at Port Darwin at 2/26 p.m. today.—Reuter.

DRUGS ENQUIRY COMMITTEE IN MADRAS.

MADRAS, Oct. 17.

The Drugs Enquiry Committee appointed by the Government of India commenced its enquiry in Madras to-day at Medical College Lt. Col. R. N. Chopra, Chairman, presiding. Mr. Venkatachalam Pillai, Professor of Pharmacology and Lt.-Col. Hingston, Professor of Midwifery, Madras Medical College, were among the witnesses examined to-day. Dr. U. Rama Rao and Dr. Selvanayagam attended the committee as co-opted members.—A. P.

New Member Of India Council.

—:o:—

SIMLA, October 17.

A communique says: The Secretary of State for India has appointed Sir Henry Strakosch to succeed Mr. F. C. Goodenough as a member of the India Council with effect from 16th October 1930.—A. P.

Rugby.—An English team of cricketers under the Command of Chapman left London on Friday for a tour in South Africa.—B. O. W.

Rugby.—The death occurred in London on Friday of Sir Richard Barnett, aged 67, who was for many years a member of Parliament for the London constituency.—B. O. W.

FOR BOYCOTTING KING'S BIRTHDAY PARADE.

—:o:—

12 Months' R. I. To Karachi Satyagrahi.

KARACHI, Oct. 18.

Mr. Parsram V. Tahilramani, Secretary of the Karachi Satyagraha Council was sentenced this morning to twelve months' rigorous imprisonment by the City Magistrate, Karachi, for publishing and circulating seditious literature advocating the boycott of the King's birth-day parade and similar celebrations in Karachi last June. He is already serving a sentence of several months' imprisonment for inciting people to law breaking.—A. P.

FIRST LADY PICKETER TO BE ARRESTED.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 17.

Mrs. Kishori, a lady Congress worker was arrested to-day at Daraganj. She is the first lady worker to be arrested in Allahabad.—A. P.

A SUCCESSFUL APPEAL.

LAHORE, Oct. 17.

On an appeal in the High Court against his conviction for sedition the sentence passed on Sjt. Niranjandas, Advocate, Gujranwala, (who was sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the lower court) was to-day reduced to that already undergone. Accused was, therefore, ordered to be released.—A. P.

POLICE BREAK OPEN DELHI CONGRESS HOUSE

—:o:—

National Flag Hoisted Again

DELHI, Oct. 18.

Police raided the Congress House in Chandni Chowk at 10-15 o'clock last night and as the House was bolted from within they climbed up over electric poles.

After two hours' search they removed some papers, the signboard of the Congress Committee, three Congress flags and arrested eleven inmates.

Immediately after the departure of the police the remaining inmates hoisted fresh flag.—A. P.

CHAMPARAN AGRARIAN DISPUTE.

PATNA, Oct. 18.

News is received that a party of Zamindars' peons were attacked by armed mob at Bhitaha in Champaran District. The mob is alleged to have fired a gun killing five peons whose bodies they have carried away. Land dispute is stated to be the cause of the attack.—A. P.

PICKETING RENEWED IN PESHAWAR

—:o:—

Many Arrested And Jailed

PESHAWAR, Oct. 17.

Eleven picketers recently arrested here were to-day sentenced by the City Magistrate to six months' rigorous imprisonment under Section 40 Frontier Crimes Regulation.

Picketing was renewed in the city to-day at two centres, namely, Kissakhani and Dalgharan bazars. Eighteen picketers were arrested. Police are parading the area.

Practically all section of the Afridis are expected to reach Jamrud to-day.—A. P.

PRESS ORDINANCE AT WORK IN SIND.

—:o:—

Story Of Suppression Of Papers And Presses.

(Through Secretary Satyagraha Committee).

HYDERABAD (Sind), Oct. 18.

The contest between the bureaucracy and local nationalist daily the "Hindu" whose ten editors were incarcerated during last non-coperation movement has been equally tense in the present movement on a demand of security of Rs. 2,000 in May last the "Hindu" ceased publication. But the "Satyagraha Samachar" appeared immediately and another Congress daily appeared under the name of the "Navayuga."

Government, demanded security of Rs. 5,000 from the Bharat Press where the "Navayuga" was printed and the "Bharat Press" and the "Navayuga" ceased to exist.

PRESS FORFEITED.

But after 4 days another Satyagrahi daily the "Hindafterab" appeared. Now after 1½ months, Government have declared the Bharat Press forfeited and seized the property of the "Hindaftab" press on 14th instant worth about Rs. 10,000 under suspicion that the materials of Bharat press were used by Hindaftab press.

The next day Sjt. Sen-Gupta was in Hyderabad and he exhorted the people to accept the challenge of Government. The paper has again been revived. An appeal for funds for purchasing new press has been made on behalf of the Board of Trustees, consisting of Dr. Choithram, Mr. Jairamdass, Prof. Ghanshyam, now in jail. Great enthusiasm prevailed at the reappearance of the Hindaftab paper yesterday.

BARDOLI PEASANTS' SACRIFICE

Rather than have their crops confiscated, the villagers are burning them away before leaving Bardoli. Our picture shows an old peasant of Sankali setting fire to his field.

BENARES CONGRESSMEN ARRESTED

—:o:—

Congress Procession And Its Sequel

BENARES, Oct. 18.

Mild excitement was caused last evening when a party of armed police blocked the passage of Congress procession which was about to start from Dasaswamedh in honour of local leaders who have been arrested. A large crowd assembled on the spot but nothing untoward happened. After sometime Pandit Govind Malaviya, Acting General Secretary, Indian National Congress, arrived on the scene and he had a long conversation with the Police officer.

Police stated that their interference was in pursuance of an order issued under Section 144. Congressmen said they had no information as to when such an order was issued. Thereupon police withdrew and the procession was taken through the principal thoroughfares.

Swami Namahshivaya, local dictator, Jagannath Sharma, Secretary, Town Congress Committee, Mr. Vibhooti Bhoosan Banerjee, President, Bengalitola Congress Committee, and others have been arrested.—A. P.

MADRAS EDITOR RELEASED.

MADRAS, October 18.

Mr. Govindachari, Editor, Satyagraha, a Telugu weekly who was undergoing imprisonment in Vellore Jail, has been released six months before the expiry of his term on medical grounds as he is suffering from heart disease.—A. P.

Satyagraha News From All Quarters.

—:o:—

BARRISTER ANSARI JAILED.

NATIONAL FLAGS BURNED IN BORSAD

DELHI, Oct. 18.

Barrister Faridulhaq Ansari, second dictator of the Delhi War Council and nephew of Dr. Ansari was to-day sentenced to five months simple imprisonment. He was placed in "A" class.—A. P.

CHARGE AGAINST KISHORI DEVI

—:o:—

Spreading Disaffection Among Police.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 18.

Srimati Kishore Devi the first woman Congress worker to be arrested in U. P. will be tried for spreading disaffection among the Police and the Military.—A. P.

SURAT CRACKER SELLERS APPROACH JAWAHARLAL.

—:o:—

Still Attitude Of Congress Committee.

SURAT, Oct. 18.

As the result of vigorous picketing at cracker shops during the past few days by "Vanarsenas" the local cracker shop-keepers wired to Pandit Motilal Nehru at Mussoorie inquiring whether they could sell Chinese crackers and indigenous fireworks. Pandit Motilal wired yesterday evening in reply as follows:—"Chinese crackers and indigenous fireworks not boycotted."

Cracker sellers approached the local Congressites with Pandit Motilal's telegram and requested them to withdraw the picketing, but the request was unheeded and cracker-sellers were told to call Pandit Motilal to Surat to remove the picketing.

The cracker sellers seem disgusted with the Congressites attitude, but have taken one more chance and have wired this evening to Pandit Jawaharlal at Lucknow to intervene stating that an order was placed with cracker manufacturers 8 months previously and they would have to incur heavy loss if the picketing was not withdrawn immediately.—A. P.

WHOLESALE ARRESTS IN BORSAD.

—:o:—

National Flags Burnt At Pimplar

(From A Correspondent).

BORSAD, Oct. 17.

On the morning of 16th instant, Mr. Billimoria, the D.S.P., with Mr. Shivabhai Sub-Inspector and Jamadar Chimanbhai arrived at Pimplar, as Satyagrahi village near Petlad with armed policemen in two motor lorries and burnt three National flags and removed photos of Mahatma Gandhiji and Lokmanya Tilak from the Library.

On the 15th instant Mr. Wilkinson, the Superintendent of Police, went to Ras with a batch of policemen. A little later the Mamalatdar also appeared there with his usual batch of policemen. This batch of 50 policemen have been stationed at Ras, it is supposed, to prevent the owners of lands from taking away the crops from their confiscated fields, one aged volunteer Mr. Jhaverbhai, who has been untiringly working at Ras Chhavani since the beginning of the present movement was beaten and abused and arrested a cart load of grain of one Mr Dhulabhai of Kathol was illegally revenue of the said Mr. Dhulabhai who is neither a peasant or a landowner.

The Mamalatdar is going about in the villages with a batch of policemen loaded in a motor lorry and through pressure and persuasion trying to induce peasants to pay land revenue. They are, however determined to hold out to the finish—till Mahatmaji and Sardar Vallabhbhai asks them to do otherwise. During his stay of one month and a half in this Taluka, he has visited nearly all the villages with practically no success at all.

In Borsad Taluka, it is a common practice with the police officials to attach and take away anything that they can lay their hands upon from the houses of volunteers and workers arrested and fined, though they might have undergone additional imprisonment in default of paying fine.

The new premises of the Borsad Taluka Satyagrah Committee were visited yesterday by the Sub-Inspector of Police, with a view to attach and seal the same, though nothing was done in respect thereof. Numerous premises have been offered to the Satyagrah Committee by the people of Borsad for the purposes of its offices.

At 12 o'clock in the noon, the police attacked and sealed the new premises of the Borsad Satyagrah Committee. This has been in accordance with our expectations since early morning. About six volunteers and workers are reported to be arrested uptil now and it may be that many more may be arrested till the nightfall. There were persistent rumours about Government's intention of meeting wholesale arrests.

Three peasants of Virol a Satyagrahi village near Petlad came to Borsad for a civil case in the court. The Mamalatdar was informed of this by some soon sent for them. He, tempted and threatened them, requested them to pay up their revenue dues but the peasants refused to do so.

The whole Taluka is now under several repressive measures.

MORE PICKETING AT PESHAWAR

—:o:—

Six Volunteers Arrested

PESHAWAR, Oct. 18.

Picketing to-day was confined to shop in Kissakhani Bazar. By seven in the evening six picketers had been arrested. The police had a busy day parading the bazar and controlling the crowds of loiterers and sightseers.

Traffic via certain sidelanes of Kissakhani frequented by picketers was stopped by the police. Attitude of the mob and the picketers was peaceful.—A. P.

ONE OF GANDHIJI'S DISCIPLES JAILED.

—:o:—

For Picketing At Nadiad.

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 18.

Mr. Chhaganlal Joshi one of the disciples of Mahatma Gandhi and who acted as Dictator of the Dhrasana War Council has been sentenced to two and a half months simple imprisonment. He has been placed in "B" Class. He was arrested at Nadiad for picketing and was tried at Mahudha.—A. P.

LATHI CHARGE IN KHULNA

—:o:—

Muslim Pleader Arrested.

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 18.

Sjt. Radhakissen Singh who had been arrested in connection with Dalhousie Square bomb outrage was again placed to-day before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, who remanded him to custody till 20th October.

Sjts. Sushil Bannerjee and Bibhuti Deoti, who were arrested at Howrah Congress office on October 13, were placed to-day before the Sub-division Officer, Howrah, who ordered Bibhuti to be released on execution of a bond for Rs. 100 to be of good behaviour for one year and sentenced Sushil to six months R. I.

Brahmanbaria Police raided the house of Sjt. Krishna Kumar Bhattacharjee, a leading Mukhtear and President of Congress Committee. Nothing incriminating was found and no arrest were made.

Khulna, Maulvi Abdul Kader Mea Ex.-M.L.C. and pleader of Jessore with a number of Congress volunteers received injuries. Sjt. Abdul Kader was arrested and taken to Thana lock-up.

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